THE ROVERS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT,
COOPERAGE GROUND.
11TH TO 26TH SEPTEMBER.
CATTO'S WHISKY
will be served at the REFRESHMENT TENT on the Ground.

The Bombay Gazette.

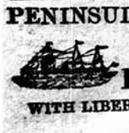
No. 52,978—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.
SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903
*PENINSULAR ...	6294	A. G. Cubitt	26th Sept.
M. L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler...	3rd Oct.
*ORIENTAL	6294	E. Spicer	10.h "
M. L. CALEDONIA ...	7393	C. H. S. Tocque,	17th "
*PENINSULAR.....	6294	A. G. Cubitt....	24th "
M. L. MOLDAVIA ...	10000	E. H. Gordon ...	31st "
*ORIENTAL	6294	E. Spicer	7th Nov.
M. L. EGYPT	7913	J. R. Lendon ...	14th "
*PENINSULAR	6293	A. G. Cubitt	21st "
M. L. ARABIA	7903	T. Leigh	28th "

The Steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth, and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth, or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 P.M. and 1 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return-Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 12th September, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurances effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
DUMBEA	5,907	Le Coispellier ...	8th Oct. 1903.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Fiaschi	5th Nov. 1903.
OCEANIEN	4,259	G. Guiounet	3rd Dec. 1903.

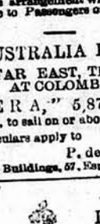
INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at reduced fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S. S. "NERA," 5,876 tons, Captain G. Chevallier, to sail on or about the 16th Oct. 1903.
For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN



LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID,
DIRECT LINE,

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca.....	4,119	1st Oct. 1903.
IMPERATRIX ...	C. Bellen.....	4,194	1st Nov. 1903.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca.....	4,119	1st Dec. 1903.
IMPERATRIX ...	C. Bellen.....	4,194	1st Jan. 1904.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE....	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
† FRANZ FERDINAND ...	C. Matcovich....	6,046	19th Nov. 1903
* † NIPPON	G. Klansberger...	6,317	22nd Dec. 1903

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE.....	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.
1st Class Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 300.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.
INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
NIPPON	G. Klansberger...	6,317	23rd Sept. 1903.

For further particulars regarding Passages
Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent,
Sassoon House, 62, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on FRIDAY, the 25th Sept., at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI AND KARACHI.
S. S. "KOLA," 1,200 tons, on MONDAY, 28th September, at 10 a.m.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "KERBELA," 2,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 29th Sept., at 10 a.m. calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebander Cutch Mandvi, Karachi, Pashai, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Kowelf, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.
S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,100 tons, on THURSDAY, 24th September, at 10 a.m.

FOR MORMUGOA, SOYCHELLES, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, AND DELAGOA BAY.
S. S. "NEVASA" 3,300 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 6th Oct., (with transhipment at Delagoa Bay to Company's Steamers for Inhambane, Chinde, Quillimane, and Mozambique.)

FOR PORBANDER, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, AND DURBAN.
S. S. "NOWSHERA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 7th Oct., (with transhipment at Durban to Company's Steamers for East London, Port Elizabeth, and Cape Town.)

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA
S. S. "CHINDWARA," 2,000 tons, on or about 3rd October.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents
Bombay, 23rd September, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY,

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.
Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.
KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, LIMITED.
SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES.

ON January 1st, 1903, the Anchor Line made an all-round reduction on their Indian Service Fares, and their rates of Passage Money are now as follows:—

Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)....Rs. 550
Bombay to Marseilles..... " 525

Passengers proceeding to London from Marseilles are charged £5 extra for Railway Tickets at current rates of exchange on the fare to Marseilles. To New York, Rs. 700; Suez or Port Said, Rs. 350; London via Marseilles, Rs. 600.

Return Ticket to Liverpool (all the way by Sea) Rs. 880.

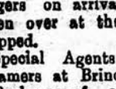
Bombay to London, via Marseilles, and back from Liverpool, Rs. 900.

Return Tickets are available for two years.
Besides the above reduction Concessions are also granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.
The Anchor Line have lately added several large new passenger steamers to their fleet, each carrying fifty to sixty First Class Passengers in large airy Cabins all situated on the Upper Deck. For comfort these steamers cannot be surpassed.
The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about thirty hours. Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted out with every comfort. All Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Captains.	Sailing about
KALIBIA	H. Tait	30th Sept.
BOHEMIA	Hunt	7th Oct.
PERSIA	G. Mitchell.....	30th Oct.
CIRCASSIA	A. Haig.....	8th Nov.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by steamers between Karachi and Bombay. Passengers wishing to embark at Karachi can obtain through tickets via Bombay to Europe. Passengers must obtain the tickets for such passages before embarking from Messrs. W. GRAHAM & Co. Karachi, or from us.
For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and stewardess, or any other information regarding Passages, &c., apply to the Undersigned.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.



HOMEWARD PASSAGES
AT
REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.
PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.
COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
COOK'S ORIENTAL GAZETTE containing Valuable Information for Travellers sent on Application.
PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.
PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

OH! MY LIMBS! When did you say it last? There is no need of your having to say it; try ZUM OIL. Cures all pains and aches, Rheumatic or Neuralgic, Ans.12,—MADON SONS & Co., Bombay.

PIANOS
SCHIEDMAYER STUTTGART.
MAKERS to all the Courts of EUROPE.

40 MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS.
GRAND PRIX, PARIS, 1900.
THE ONLY SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS AWARDED GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS AT CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.
AS THE BEST SUITED TO THE CLIMATE OF INDIA, THEIR REPUTATION IS STILL TO THE FRONT.
ALL UPRIGHT PIANOS WITH UNDER DAMPER ACTIONS.
SEE PRICE LIST OF TENSE STEEL FRAME PIANOS.

SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

ICES, ENGLISH AND ITALIAN
CAKES AND FANCY SWEETS.

WE HAVE THE MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT ON PLAIN AND FANCY CAKES FOR FESTIVE OCCASIONS IN BOMBAY.
Our Confectioners are artists and turn out the most artful DINNER-TABLE DECORATIONS in the form of palatable SWEETS ever sold in India.
BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, AND DINNERS AVAILABLE DAILY.
WINES AND SPIRITS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
SELECT BILLIARD TABLE.
PEARSE & CO.,
BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR,
SIRDAR'S PALACE, FORT, BOMBAY.

A GOOD CIGAR
SHOULD POSSESS
FRAGRANT BOUQUET
AND
DELIGHTFUL FLAVOUR
IT SHOULD DRAW
EASILY
AND
BE MADE OF THE
BEST TOBACCO.
BAHADURS
POSSESS ALL THESE QUALITIES.
McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, BROUGHAMS, and VICTORIAS by well-known Makers FOR SALE.
CARRIAGE repairs of every description will be executed with prompt attention.
HOUSES Furnished with the latest styled, neat Furniture.
FURNITURE of the latest design FOR SALE and on HIRE, and also made to order.
CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, and PLATED WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.

WILL-FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.
BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, PULLICATI, LONDON.
A. B. C. CODE USED.
CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.
INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.
PASSAGES booked by all lines of Steamers.
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.
The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, or Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions as Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

JULIUS BLÜTHNER'S PIANOS

ARE to be found all over the world in their richest decoration in the Millionaire's Mansion and in their more modest form in the houses of Citizens of lesser degree.

Some Scoffers may talk of a "Piano Epidemic," but the demands of modern education must be satisfied. Where indeed would Music be without the Pianoforte? It is to-day the Instrument of the whole civilized world and could only have obtained its position above all other Musical Instruments, by continuous improvements in construction and in tone. Julius Bluthner is one of the foremost pioneers of the Piano-building industry, a self-made man and a veteran of labour. Julius Bluthner, now about 80 years old, is the founder and proprietor of one of the largest Pianoforte Manufactories of the world. Julius Bluthner's first Instruments created a sensation among technical people owing to the many improvements his Pianos contained and to the perfection of their workmanship; the public recognised the superiority of Julius Bluthner's productions; Royalty took an active interest in his work, and great Musicians have witnessed the excellence of his Instruments. Since then the Factory steadily increased in size. New Workshops for hundreds of workmen have been built and every department fitted with the latest appliances and the newest Machinery. The workmen are chosen for their Technical Skill; and as the soul of the whole concern stands Julius Bluthner, who, unbent by the weight of years, continues the management of the business. He is ably assisted by the activity and zeal of his sons who undertake the supervision of different departments. The Clock-work activity and perfect managements has enabled this Factory to record an output of one Piano for every working hour of the day, or to put it roughly about 2,500 Pianos a year. No Instrument leaves the factory without being examined and regulated by one or other of his sons, and last of all it must pass the critical scrutiny of the master, the man whose name is at the head of this advertisement.

The BLUTHNER PIANOS are the Sweetest Toned Pianos in the world. "The Bluthner Pianofortes maintain the first position in the world," is the verdict of Dr. Paul, whose "History of the Pianoforte" is the standard treatise on the subject of which it treats.

The Bluthner Pianos may be had for Cash, or on the Hire system from

THE SOLE AGENTS,
MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS.
CHOCOLATE SPECIALITIES.

CREAMS
ALMOND
NOUGAT
PEPPERMINT
LIQUEURS

Made fresh on the Premises, Rs. 2 per lb.

PETER'S MILK CHOCOLATE,
JUST UNPACKED,
AND
PETER'S BREAKFAST CHOCOLATE.
CAN NOW BE HAD.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
CONFECTIONERS, CATERERS
AND
CHOCOLATE MANUFACTURERS.
25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF
THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.
WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to
AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE
SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.			Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in			
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 3	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 12	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 3	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	33 6	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 6	42 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 8	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 6	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 12	57 3	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 13	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may assure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4-0 during The Life. Premium would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.
OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.
OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 23-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance is specially recommended.

E. P. ALLUM, General Manager.

ASTHMA SEDATIVE, SUBSIDES PAROXYMS in a short time, operates by dissolving the congealed [illegible] renders respiration more easy
F. S. MADON & CO., 170, Sheikh Memon St., Bombay.
NEMESIS. Per Bot. Rs. 2-8.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

STAGE COACH.

TRAVELLING between WATHAR, MAHABLESHWAR, and PANCHGANI and *vice versa*,

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

THE business at present carried on under the name of N. FRAMJI ARDASIR & CO., will from 1st October be carried on in the name of FRENCHMAN and GANDEVIA, who take this opportunity to tender their thanks to the public for their present patronage, and hope they will continue the same support to the undersigned in future.

The Public are particularly requested to address all communications to us in our FIRM'S NAME in future, and not to the Mail Contractor.

Office No. 63, Civil Lines, POONA,
PHIROZESHAH BOMANJI GANDEVIA
AND
NUSSERWANJI PALLONJI FRENCHMAN,
Proprietors,
(Late N. FRAMJI ARDESIR & Co.)

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY
(INCLUDING INDIAN MIDLAND SECTION).

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, RAILS, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON, BRASS AND STEEL, SCRAP AXLES AND TYRES, ETC.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive TENDERS at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. on WEDNESDAY, the 14th October, 1903, for the PURCHASE of above, which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bunder, and the Assistant Storekeeper at Jhansi.

TENDERS—These must be made on the Company's authorized forms, which can be had on application to the Undersigned at his office.

TERMS.—The sum of Rs. 200 must accompany each Tender as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit without the Railway having to prove anything by the transaction. Only cash, currency notes or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, or order."

PAYMENT.—To be made to the Company's Cashier, Bombay, on receipt of the acceptance of the offer.

NOTE.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

APPLICANTS are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove within one month from date of acceptance of Tender.

R. P. W. STRONG,
Acting General-Storekeeper.

General-Storekeeper's Office, Parel,
Bombay, 22nd September, 1903.

OUR COURSE OF INSTRUCTION IN PHYSICAL CULTURE, which is being used by Officers, Government Servants, Bankers, Merchants, Planters, Pleaders, Clerks, Students, &c., has been enlarged by the addition of the latest exercises from America.

Success guaranteed.

For particulars apply to

THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND PHYSICAL CULTURE,
23, Broadway,
Madras.

THE PORT CANNING AND LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.—THE THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at its Registered Office, No. 8, Forbes Street, on THURSDAY, the 24th day of September, 1903, at 4-30 P.M., to transact the following business:—

1.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance-Sheet for the year ending 30th April, 1903.
2.—To declare a Dividend.
3.—To confirm the appointment made by the Board of Mr. J. Owens as a Director of the Company.
4.—To elect two Directors in the place of those who go out by rotation but who are, eligible for re-election.
5.—To appoint Auditors for the year ending 30th April, 1904, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 11th September to 24th September, 1903, both days inclusive, and during that period the Books of the Company will be available for inspection by Shareholders during office hours.

By Order,
PEROSHAW B. R. MODY,
Manager.

Bombay, 27th August, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,
BOMBAY.
KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 55, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & CO.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Act XXVIII. of 1866, of the Legislative Council of India, entitled "The Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866," Notice is hereby given that all persons being Creditors of, or otherwise having any claims upon or against the estate of WILLIAM HENRY PROPERT, late of 23 Down Street, Piccadilly, in the County of Middlesex, England, European, deceased, who died at 28 Cambridge Street, Hyde Park, in the said County, on the 21st day of April, 1903, and of whose Property and Credits Letters of Administration with the Will of the said deceased annexed were on the 2nd day of September, 1903, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to JAMES BEGBIE, the duly Constituted Attorney of FREDERICK NORMAN GRIFFITH PROPERT, one of the Executors named in the said Will (for the use and benefit of and limited until he the said Frederick Norman Griffith Propert shall come in and obtain Probate of the said Will granted to him from the said Court) to have effect throughout the Province of Bombay, are required to send to the Undersigned, Solicitors for the said James Begbie, on his behalf, at their Office, No. 30, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay, in writing, their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased so as to reach the said Office on or before the 10th day of October, 1903, as after that date the said James Begbie as Attorney for the said Frederick Norman Griffith Propert will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased then in his hands according to the directions in the said Will contained, having regard only to the claims of which the said Attorney (Administrator) shall then have notice as aforesaid, and no claims sent in subsequently, shall be recognised.—Dated this 10th day of September, 1903.

CRAWFORD, BROWN & CO.,
Administrator's Solicitors.

RATNER SAFE CO., LD.,
OF LONDON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TWELVE CORNER BENT
FIRE, FALL, AND THIEF RESISTING SAFES.

WE have received a large consignment of these SAFES to be SOLD at the Wholesale Prices. Apply to the Undersigned, at their Office, 67, Meadow Street, Fort.

PURSHOTAM VISHRAM & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

Bombay, July, 1903.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE AURUNGABAD MILLS LIMITED.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Aurungabad Mills Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 1,3,4,7, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 31st day of October, 1903, at 2 P.M., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report as to the working of the Mill by the Official Liquidators.
2. To appoint one or two additional directors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
DORESWAMI IYER & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

Bombay, 23rd September, 1903.

PROSPECTUS.
INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.
ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

A PUBLIC COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION will be held on MONDAY, the 19th October, 1903, at the following Stations for admission to the Assistant Surgeon Branch of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department (Bombay Establishment), for which there are ELEVEN VACANCIES this year:—

Principal, Grant Medical College, Bombay.
Principal Medical Officer, Sind District, Karachi.
Do. do. Mhow do. Mhow
Do. do. Poona do. Poona
Senior do. Kamptee

2. Candidates must be European or Eurasian parentage and over 16 or under 19 years of age. They must be of healthy constitution, Physically fit for Military Service, and of good character, and they will be required to produce certificates showing that they possess these qualifications.

NOTE.—For further particulars apply to the PERSONAL ASSISTANT to the SURGEON-GENERAL, with the Government of Bombay, Town Hall, between the hours of 11 A.M., and 4 P.M., on any day, except Saturdays, Sundays and holidays.

WANTED

IMMEDIATELY two ASSISTANT SURGEONS and eight HOSPITAL ASSISTANTS for temporary plague duty in Indore State. Only medical graduates and qualified hospital assistants experienced in plague operations need apply. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 and Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 respectively.

GOPAL RAMCHANDRA TAMBE, M.A.
B. SC., L.M. & S.,
State Surgeon, Indore.

State Surgeon's Office, Indore, the 17th September, 1903.

PANCHGANI HIGH SCHOOL.

PRINCIPAL of the Boys' Department:
Rev. C. WILLIAMS, M. A. Oriel.
Principal of the Girls' Department: Miss KIMMINS, Z. B. M. M., &c., &c.
Assisted by certificated English Teachers. Climate unsurpassed for European Children. NEW TERM COMMENCES October 1st.

BY APPOINTMENT
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

NOORMAHOMED RUTTONSEY,
SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER,
BEST HARNESS MADE TO ORDER.
BEST SADDLERY READY IN STOCK
CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.
BHENDI BAZAR, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £475,000

HEAD OFFICE:
27 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Karrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 9,410,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York; San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong, Tientsin and Newchang.

LONDON BANKERS:—

THE BANK OF ENGLAND; THE LONDON and JOINT STOCK BANK, LD.; THE UNION OF LONDON and SMITH'S BANK LD.; THE PARR'S BANK LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund .....$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund .....$ 6,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, Bart., Chairman.
Wm. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
Wm. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G., } Managers.
A. M. TOWNSEND, }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI

AMOY,	HANKOW,	PENANG,
BANGKOK,	HIOGO,	RANGOON,
BATAVIA,	ILOILO,	SAIGON,
BOMBAY,	LYONS,	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	MANILA,	SINGAPORE,
COLOMBO,	NAGASAKI,	SOURABAYA,
FOOCHOW,	NEW YORK,	TIENTSIN,
HAMBURG,	PEKING,	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,50,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS GRAM,
Acting Agent.

7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

ENGLISH-MADE Electro-Plated Presentation Table Lamps, Artistic but not obtrusive. Fitted with globes and chimnies or lace shades. holders and chimnies. From Rs. 18 to Rs. 95 each.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, &c., Bombay and Poona.

COMPOUND NERVINE ELIXIR.—One of the most Powerful Tonics made, contains Phosphorus, Damiana, Nux Vomica and Coca—a sure remedy for Debility, Nervous Exhaustion, Poverty of Blood and Loss of Appetite.—Per bot. Rs. 2-8.—THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

ARIEL CYCLES.—A large Stock on view. Rs. 200. Cash or Hire Purchase System. Punctures, Ans. 4, while you wait. Fresh stock of Carriage Rubber now on show. Sole Agents: THE CORONATION CYCLE & RUBBER GOODS DEPOT, Hornby Road, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—At the Morarji Gokuldas S. and W. Mills, Parel, Soparibag Road, TWENTY ROLLER and CLEARER CARDS by Platt Brothers, in good working order. Apply to MORARJI GOKULDAS and Co., Agents, 2, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

FOR SALE, one Album of available used Stamps of all Native States in India. Rs. 15. Terms Cash or V. P. P.—RAM GOPAL & Co., Ulwar.

TO LET BUNGALOW, on RIDGE, Malabar Hill, from 1st November next, now in the occupation of Lord Bishop of Bombay. Apply to BOMANJI SORABJI and SONS, Queens Road, Bombay.

BEST INDIAN and CHINA SILK EMBROIDERY in Screens, Cushion, Bed and Table Covers, etc., just received.—P. MEHTA & Co., Medows Street, Fort.

TOYS AND DOLLS.—A very large stock to select from. Child's Tricycles, Rocking Horses, &c., &c.—MORENAS & Co., Medow Street, Bombay.

TYPEWRITERS bought, sold and exchanged at Suitable Rates. REPAIRS executed to all makes carefully, promptly and at MODERATE CHARGES. Apply MANAGER, INDIA TYPEWRITING Co., 19, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SPLENDID SELECTION of CARRIAGE TIMEPIECES and CLOCKS, with and without Alarm from Rs. 20 to Rs. 100; quarter chiming Rs. 125.—OURSETJI CAWASJEE G. I. P. Ry. Watchmaker, 66, Esplanade Rd.

JUST UNPACKED.—American Harness, Foot Bells, English Saddles, Bridles, Martingales Bits, etc., etc. Send for Catalogue.—E. S. MALLA and Co., Bhendy Bazaar, Bombay.

URGENT.—Get your WARM and SILK CLOTHES CLEANED and DYED at the DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING Co. and THE POPULAR DYEWORK, No. 2, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

COAX THE LIVER, don't drive it; hard purgatives harm more than they help; move the Bowels by gentle means; get a Remedy that will regulate the Liver and that Remedy is FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL. Rs. 1-10 and Rs. 2-12.—MADON, SONS & Co., Bombay.

WANTED at once a trained ASSISTANT PRINTER for the News Department. Apply Box No. 10403, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, TWO good RULERS; also TWO LADS to assist. Apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Office, Bombay.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Masagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 5-3-2 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhat, at Rs. 5-6-2 per case, at Bandora.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 150° Fire Test Oil, Imported by STANDARD OIL Co. of New York, Sold at their Godowns, Masagon.

WE WILL DO that which one could expect the most in India. We have English OVEN-BAKING enamel, and skilled workmen to renovate your Cycles at fare rates.—WELLINGTON CYCLE Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

TO PRINTERS—FOR SALE, a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrold of London) in fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT, *Bombay Gazette*, Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronised by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy, as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First-Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee. Fee Rs. 2 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established, 1878.

SOMETHING NEW.—Our new premises are nearly ready next to Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw and Co. We will occupy the same in October next. A visit to our New Art Photographic Saloon respectfully invited. Hydraulic lift available as before.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL and SONS, Photographers, Hornby Road, Bombay.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong, in all parts. J. R. Gardener, 15, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review, &c., &c. Apply C. C., care of "Bombay Gazette."

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in Verse after the manner (or various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRITHE. Re 1, Postage annas 4. To be had at this Office.

TROPICAL HAIR DOUCHE.—Cleansing Cooling, Invigorating. For renewing and restoring the Hair, promoting the Growth. Per bottle Rs. 1-8. THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

W. M. HUTCHINSON & Co., East Indian Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1 Trafalgar Building, Chacing Cross, London.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MEDICAL

GALVANISM.

HAS CONQUERED some of the most obstinate complaints after all other remedies have failed.

HALES IMPROVED ELECTRIC BELTS and BATTERIES, for wearing next the body without blistering or injuring the skin. These appliances are

PERFECT GENERATORS OF ELECTRICITY and are most comfortable in wear.

PRICE ONE GUINEA.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO and GOUT are speedily RELIEVED or CURED by this Powerful Agent.

ELECTRIC BELT and SUSPENSOR for MEN, for VARICOCELE, Nervous DEBILITY, and EXHAUSTION, &c. Price TWO GUINEAS.

PAMPHLETS GRATIS, CONSULTATIONS FREE.

HALE AND SON, MEDICAL GALVANISTS,
105 REGENT STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.
N.B.—Size of Waist required.

SICKNESS OF THE STOMACH.
In the early morning a dose of
KEMP'S SUMMER EFFERVESCENT and PURIFYING SALINE will remove the above.
Rs. 1-4.
KEMP & Co. Ld., Bombay.

THE ROVERS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT,

COOPERAGE GROUND,

11TH TO 26TH SEPTEMBER, 1903.

CATTO'S WHISKY.

This favourite WHISKY will be served at the REFRESHMENT TENT on the ground.

DR MAJOR'S *Vitaline*
OR ELIXIR OF LIFE.

DISCOVERED BY JAMES MAJOR, M. D.

THOUSANDS of the British public have been long suffering from various nervous and seminal complaints owing to early excesses, youthful dissipation, and residence in hot and unhealthy climates; but unfortunately they cannot find any means of perfect and permanent cure. From the days of the "Medicine man" down to the present age of modern practitioners and family doctors, the public have been gulled and deluded by an army of quacks. Most illiterate and irresponsible persons have undertaken duties that require the highest acumen and tact of the most keen-sighted and well read man, and the result has been, as might have been anticipated, eminently disastrous. Not only scores of graves have been filled by the victims to their atrocious meddlings in medicine, but even now sufferers by thousands walk our streets in most deplorable conditions,—their manhood's vigour sapped and undermined,—their intellects disordered,—their shattered frames tottering in the wind,—even their life's existence threatened by a number of fatal diseases which the renowned practitioners are unable to cope with. Under such circumstances it is a boon to the public and hope to the hopeless that the vigorous effort and energetic researches of a distinguished American medical man, after continued investigation for years, have at last discovered—

THE VITALINE OR ELIXIR OF LIFE

which is composed of purely and perfectly harmless vegetable ingredients and charged with electricity in a new scientific principle, from which it acts like a miracle in the human system, and has given great satisfaction by safely and permanently curing the following diseases:—

Viz., Nervous and functional Debility, Exhaustion, Spermatorrhœa, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Unnatural discharges, Sexual weakness, Loss of manhood and memory, Brain-fag, Diabetes, Low spirits, Dimness of sight, Dizzy head, Confusion of Ideas, Losses with dreams, at stools and when passing urine, Loss of vigour, Neuralgia, Nervous headache, Muscular and Local weakness, Palpitation Eruption on face, Dyspepsia, Anæmia, Impoverished blood, General debility, Mental and bodily prostration, Sleeplessness, Costiveness, Premature decay or Deficiency of the vital forces, Impaired vitality, Inability to perform the various duties of life or enjoy its pleasures, Incapacity for study or business, and other nervous complaints and affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, either acute or chronic.

It relieves the patient promptly from the most distressing symptoms and rapidly restores the affected organs to their normal and natural healthy condition.

If you value health and strength, and wish to be lifted from a state of physical and mental degradation to all the joy and happiness of a robust and vigorous manhood, then use a complete course of "Vitaline," which never meets any failure.

In rebuilding the disordered nervous system,—in enriching the impoverished blood,—in removing the obnoxious and poisonous matter from the body,—in giving healthy tone to the deranged physique, and in bringing back youth's vigour and cheer to a doomed life, "VITALINE" stands unrivalled and unequalled.

It thoroughly invigorates the brain, nerves and muscles, communicates a healthy tone to the system and gives vigour to every organ, excites appetite and prompts digestion and assimilation of food.

If your case has been pronounced incurable, if medical skill, drugs, electricity and all sorts of treatment have failed to cure you, even then be not hopeless for your life. Try and test—

MAJOR'S "VITALINE"

And get rid of your ailments. It is a certain restorative and best alterative. Modern methods and Modern remedies make the seemingly improbable possible. Facts which are proved beyond doubt. This remedy is weakened mankind's greatest boon—a cure now within the reach of every man, no matter what his position in life may be.

TO a healthy man regularly taking a dose or two daily, it quickens appetite, removes constipation and stands as a safe-guard against attacks of nervous disorders even when exposed to prompt causes for them.

PATIENTS of all ages and stages can use it freely and cure themselves easily and secretly at home in any climate and season.

MANY medical authorities have certified to the marvellous power of 'VITALINE" in curing nervous disorders and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs.

THOUSANDS of unsolicited testimonials testifying to its wonderful curative powers can be produced from all quarters.

Price per bottle (lasting for 10 days) Rs. 3. 3 bottle (complete course of treatment) Rs. 8-8. 6 bottles, Rs. 16. Dozen Rs. 30. Postage and Packing, Annas 8, 12, Re. 1. 4 and Rs. 1-8 respectively.

☞ALL CORRESPONDENCE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

CAN BE HAD ONLY OF W. MAJOR & CO.,
MEDICAL LABORATORY, CALCUTTA.
Registered Telegraphic Address:—"MAJOR."

The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES.

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers in every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper.
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—It a safe and immediate remedy. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co.'s., CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c., or, from the Sole Manufacturer Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of

VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

E. DUCKETT & Co.,
MONUMENTALISTS
OF POONA AND CARRARA.
"BOOKLET" & "COMPLETE"
NEW MEMORIAL DESIGN BOOK NOW ON HAND.

Specialists in Monumental Work for India.

ADDRESS: EAST STREET, POONA.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the cheapest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 2 per inch); Fourth and onward Two Annas (Re. 1 per inch); Twice or Once a week; First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 2 per inch); Fourth and onward Three Annas per line (Re. 1-8 per inch). Minimum Charges Rs. 2

OFFICE WANTED.

SUITABLE for a European Firm, fairly ample accommodation required.

State particulars to Box "No. 13178." "Bombay Gazette," Advt. Dept.

WANTED POSITION

BY a FIRST CLASS ENGINEER, a thorough Mechanic, 22 years' experience, has worked as a Chief Engineer in Factories and Mills for the last fifteen years. Thoroughly conversant with Mill Corliss Engines. Has operated Ether and Ammonia Ice Machines, and is an Expert in the Ammonia Absorption Machine. Best references. Apply, 10798, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

I. P. A. C. TOURNAMENT PONIES.

1. "POWERFUL", G. A. Gelding, rising 8 years, stands 14-0½ hands. Fast and up to great weight, has played in Poona Tournament. Fast Trapper .....Rs. 1,000
2. "SPEY", Fl Bitten G. A. Entire, rising 7 years, stands 14-0½ hands. Up to Tournament Form and improving daily. Up to 14 stone and very handy.....Rs. 1,200
3. "HOPE" Brn Irish Mare, 7 years, stands 15-0 hands. Smart and very steady Trapper. Has been hunted in Ireland and England.....Rs. 700

Nos. 1, 2, and 3 are believed sound and open to Fair Trial and Examination in the Station.

For further Particulars apply to—
CAPTAIN BAYFORD, A.-D.-C.,
Government House, Ganeshkhind,
POONA.

OOMER JAMALL VUYANI'S STABLES.

HORSES! HORSES!! HORSES!!!

FRESH BATCHES of ARAB HORSES consisting of Chargers, Racers, Hunters and Remounts, have arrived by s. s. "Katoria," "Horsen" and "Kasara" in my Stables at "Locksley Hall," Bellasis Road. Fresh consignment is expected by every Mail.

Sole Propritor,
OOSMAN JUMALL.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

Steel Angles, Tees, and Plates.

Cast Iron Pipes,

Galvanised Corrugated Iron Sheets.

Wrought Iron Tubes, &c.

LARGE STOCKS ready for Immediate Delivery.

GEO. SERVICE & Co.,
Green Street, Bombay.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £725,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE.

EATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong,
Calcutta,	Singapore,	Foochow,
Madras,	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai,
Rangoon,	Bangkok,	Tientsin,
Colombo,	Batavia,	Hankow,
Penang,	Sourabaya,	Yokohama,
Thaiping,	Manila	Kobe,
Medan, Deli (Sumatra),	Cebu, (Philippines),	New York

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credits; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

Sub-Branches:—Murree—(April to October).

Sub-Agencies:—Amritsar, Bangalore, Lyallpore and Mooltan City.

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,000.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—
2 Years 5½ per cent. per annum.
2 to 12 Months 5 " "
6 Months 4½ " "

SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS—Special Rates are offered which may be learnt on application.

PRUDENTIAL AND HOME PASSAGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Sums of not less than Rs. 10, are received into these accounts, and bear interest at 5 per cent. per annum, compounded Half Yearly.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge to the above interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, upon the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 60 is maintained.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Bombay, 15th July, 1903.

BANK OF CALCUTTA LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... " 15,50,000
Uncalled Capital ..... " 5,00,000

DIRECTORS:

Mr. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
" H. E. McINNES, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
" NORMAN McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
" D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the Daily Balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest:—

	Per Annum
For 2 Years	5 Per cent.
" 1 Year	4½ "
" 6 Months	4 "
" 3 Months	3½ "

The Bank offers special Facilities and Advice to Constituents as to the Purchase and Sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debentures Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The B

NUSSERVANJI & Co.,

DEALERS IN CYCLES, &c.

1, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

Jones' Sewing Machines as supplied to Her Majesty the Queen and numerous other Sewing Machines for thin and thick work. Repairs of Cycles and Machines executed with care and despatch. Perambulators and their Tyres kept in stock.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:

EDINBURGH, 64, Princes Street.
LONDON, 61, Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds as at 31st December,
1901..... £ 15,722,696
Revenue for 1901 ..... £ 3,308,103

The sum of £ 830,160 was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1900 yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £ 1-8-0 per cent. per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

Policies in some cases have been more than doubled in amount by the addition of bonuses.

NEW PROSPECTUS JUST OUT.

GREAT REDUCTIONS

under all SYSTEMS,

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to:—

Messrs. KING, KING & Co.,

Agents and Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
Standard Buildings, Bombay.

THE DEMAND FOR

STANDARD POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1902
ISSUED FOR..... £2,337,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS.....£10,640,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE.....£37,000,000

ASK FOR THE 1903 PROSPECTUS containing the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES and TEN LAKHS INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rates are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its Establishment.

Unsurpassed in ADVANTAGES, and LIBERALITY to POLICYHOLDERS.

Safest and Best Organization for Policyholders of any Indian Company.

Claims paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Company's Office,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

Assets..... Rs. 12,00,00,000.
Annual Income.....Rs. 2,00,00,000.
Limited Premium Assurance with 50 per cent. Guaranteed Bonus.

TABLE I. T. L. N.

A person aged 25 next birthday, by payment of an Annual Premium of Rs. 431 4a., for 30 years, or till his previous death, may secure a policy for Rs. 10,000 under this table, entitling him to the following benefits:—

(1) Should death occur during the 30-year term, Return of one-third of the total amount of the Premiums paid, in addition to the face value of the Policy. Thus, if the claim arises in the

1st yr.	5th yr.	10th yr.	15th yr.	20th yr.	25th yr.	30th yr.
The amount payable would be Rs.						
10,143	10,718	11,437	12,156	12,875	13,593	14,312

(2) Should the Assured survive the 30-year term
(a) An Immediate Payment in cash of Rs. 5,000,
(b) A free paid-up Policy, payable at his death, for Rs. 10,000;
(c) Participation in the Capitalised Profits which will have accumulated during the period of 30 years.
(d) Participation in Profits at each of the subsequent Quinquennial Bonus Distributions.

For further information address:—

Messrs. CROFT, MODY & Co.,
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon, Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 93 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO,	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON,	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN,	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER,	Ay.
GIESLER & Co.	Avize.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS,	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL,	Edinburgh.
NATH, JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE,	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS,	Bordeaux
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT,	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG,	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR,	Côte d' Or.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE,	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN,	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL,	Budapesth.
R. SOHLUMBERGER,	Vöslau.
JAMES CATCHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. R. EDDISON & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.
RUTHERFORD & BROWNE,	London.
JOHN JAMESON & SON,	Dublin.
WILLIAM & KEITH JOPP,	Aberdeen.
SÖHNLEIN & Co.	Schierstein
STEWART STEWART & Co.	London.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE,	Marseilles.
COATES & Co.	Plymouth.
MARTELL & Co.	Cognac.
P. B. BURGOYNE & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expense of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

HUNTLY BLEND WHISKY.

THE FAVORITE BRAND OF INDIA.

Of all dealers, or of

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

SOLE AGENTS.

TEAS. TEAS.

MAY BLOSSOM TEA.

The present most popular brand is the Mayblossom Tea.

SOLE AGENTS:—

CROFT MODY & Co.,

BOMBAY.

RETAIL AGENTS:—

DENISON & CO.,

BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8; Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

The Comprehensive Criminal Digest, 1862—1899.

BY

CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B.,

ONE OF THE BEST WORKS OF ITS SORT. It will find its way up to the front rank of books of this sort on its merits alone. For completeness of treatment it has no equal in the field. "Calcutta Weekly Notes":—Considerable care has been used in arranging the various cases under their appropriate headings. We have nothing but praise for the work turned out by the author. "Indian Review Madras":—This book should prove a most useful companion. The laborious task undertaken by the author in compiling this work appears to us to have been excellently performed. "Bombay Gazette":—It makes an era in the compilation of Criminal Digest in this country; will very likely supersede all those at present in the field. "Kayastha Samachar," Allahabad:—It supplies a long felt want. It is an improvement in many respects over all the existing criminal digests and promises to supersede them all. "Lawyer," Ahmedabad:—The arrangement seems to be everything that is desirable. "Madras Law Journal":—It is superior in every respect to the existing criminal digests.—Bombay Law Reporter.

PRICE Rs. 17. POSTAGE 6 ANNAS.

TO BE HAD

AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
HEAD OFFICES:—Esplanade Road, Bombay.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 22.

SECURITIES—		
2½ per cent. Consols	85 5-8	= — 5-16
3 per cent. Rentes	96 1-2	= unchanged
3½ per cent, Indian Sterling Loan	105	= — 1-2 do
3½ per cent, Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	66 1-16	= do
SILVER—		
Spot in London	27 3-16	= — 1-16
2 months hence	26 3-4	= — 1/8
Spot in New York	58 7/8	= — 1/8
EXCHANGES—		
Paris cheques	25·21	= + 1-2
Berlin "	20·32 1-4	= unchanged
New York Demand	4·87	= + 1/4
DISCOUNTS—		
Bank of England	4	pr ct = unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	4	pr ct = do
6 " "	4 1/4	pr ct = + 1-8
3 " " Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8	pr ct = + 1-8
6 month sight Fine Trade Bills	4 5-8	pr ct = unchanged

Metals.—Copper Braziers £67-10 = —10.
Yellow metal 6 1-4 l.
Tin Plates 11s. 9d.
Bar Iron Belgian £5.
Iron Corrugated Sheets £10-17-6.
Basic Steel Bars £5-2-6.
Linseed Sold 38 Sept.-Oct. Sellers. Tone quiet.
Coffee in New York 5 5-16.
Arrival—Steamers Aleppo, Belgrarien.

In Liverpool—
Cotton Market closed easier. Surats quiet. Manchester quiet. Total Sales 5,000 bales. Spot 6·40 unchanged. Sold on speculation and for Export 200 bales. Imports 1,000. Arrivals closed easier.

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·57	5·21	5·22	5·20
—4	—4	—4	—3
Jan.-Feb.	**Feb.-Mar.**	**Mar.-April.**	**April-May.**
5·18	5·17	5·16	5·16
—3	—3	—4	—3

In New York:—

Receipts at the Port	41,000
Do. last year	55,000
Exports to Great Britain	7,000
Do. do Continent	Nil.
Mid-Uplands	11·60 unchanged
Futures, month of Dec.	9·65 — 11
Do. do. March	9·62 — 13

In New Orleans—

Spot	10 5-8 — 3-16
Futures, month of Dec.	9·45 — 13
Do. do. March	9·54 — 16
Tone at close	steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Tuesday, 22nd September, 1903:—

Cotton	1,059 bales.
Wheat	28,229 cwts.
Linseed	4,839 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	5,294 "
Gingellyseed	216 "
Poppyseed	510 "
Groundnuts	17 "
Castorseed	4,820 "
Rice	25,6·5 "
Myrabollams	946 "
Cottonseed	4,6·8 "

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, SEPT 23.

EXCHANGE—Tone firm.

Bank T.T.			1s. 4 1-32d.
Bank Demand			1s. 4 1-16d
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight	D.	A.	1s. 4 9-32at5-16d
Do 6 do	do		1s. 4 15-32d.
French Francs 5 do	do		170 3-4 at 171.
Marks 3 do	do		138 1-2
Hongkong 30	Days'	Sight	134
Shanghai 30	do	do	185
Japan 30	do	do	151 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. tone steady.

Cash	Rs. 99·3
1st Settlement	" 99·2

Money Market, Tone quiet.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since	3rd Sept.	4 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do.	20th Aug	3 do.
Bank of Bengal do.	23rd Aug	3 do.
Bank of Madras do.	23rd July	4 do.

SEEDS—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed.—Tone quiet. Ready	6	6	0
Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.			
Brown Cawnpore ready	Rs. 5	6	0
Yellow Cawnpore "	" 5	12	0
Yellow Guzerat "	" 5	13	0
Poppyseed.—Tone quiet. Ready	6	4	6
Castorseed—Tone unchanged. Ready	21	8	0

WHEAT.—Tone quieter.

Pissi 91 per cent	Rs. 30-4
Club No. 1	" 29-4
Hard Red	" 23-12

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.
Tone easier.

Estimated sales			6,000 bales
Imports			4,000 "
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·53	5·23	5·20	5·17
—4	—5	—2	—3
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl-May
5·15	5·14	5·13	5·13
—3	—3	—3	—3

COTTON.—The local market for ready Cotton is quiet but steady. A line of Damangaum Poolgaum is reported to have been taken for Japan at Rs. 198 to Rs. 202. New Crop is easier and prices are Rs. 2 lower. Export houses are reported to have sold fully good Bengals for 25th January delivery at Rs. 170 1-2.

MESSRS. TALATI AND COMPANY of Bombay have received a telegram from Shanghai, reporting the sale of 13,000 bales of Indian yarns during the last fortnight, leaving a balance of 37,000 as unsold. Exchange on Bombay was quoted at Rs. 187 1-4 per 100 taels, the market being quiet but firm.

CATTLE-MAIMING.

STRANGE CHARGES AGAINST A SOLICITOR.

REMARKABLE LETTERS.

AN extraordinary series of anonymous letters were read out to the Cannock (Staffordshire) magistrates, who sat on Sept. 3rd, to hear charges of cattle-maiming brought against George Ernest Thompson Edalji, aged twenty-eight, solicitor, of New Hall-street, Birmingham, son of the vicar of Great Wyrley.

In addition to the charges of cattle-maiming, Edalji was also accused of sending a letter threatening to murder Police Sergeant Robinson, of Hednesford, on or about July 11.

Edalji having entered a plea of not guilty, Mr. A. W. Barnes, who prosecuted, said there were eight cases of maiming altogether, dating from February 3 to June 29. In all six horses, a pony, three cows, and one sheep had been fearfully treated.

On June 30, there was posted at Walsall an envelope containing a letter in pencil addressed to Police-constable Rowley, at Bridgetown. It read as follows:—

You have made a mistake in not keeping all the plain-clothes men at hand. You sent them away too soon. Why, just think, he did it close to where two of them were hiding.

But, sir, he has got eagle eyes, and his ears are as sharp as a razor. He is as fleet on foot as a fox and as noiseless, and he crawls on all fours up to the poor beasts and fondles them a bit, and then he pulls the hook smartly across and out their entrails fly before they know they are hurt.

You want 100 detectives to run him in red-handed, because he is so fly, and knows every nook and corner. I can prove all this but until £100 is offered for a conviction, I shan't split no more.

A STRANGE POSTCARD.

Messrs. Blewitt and Co., of Quinton Colliery received a postcard bearing the Birmingham postmark, and dated July 3.

This stated that the Phoenix murderers and Fenians were responsible for the outrages, and that they believed in the confessional among themselves. The card continued: "Set a watch on the night bank people. Jack the Ripper is an Irish Fenian." The signature at the foot of the card was "John Sullivan."

Another letter received by the inspector at Hednesford stated that the offender was "only a school boy at Walsall."

But I have a dare-devil face, and when they formed a gang at Wyrley they got me to join. They said that I had drawn the longest lot, and, they would do me in if I funked it.

I caught the cattle lying down at ten minutes to three. They roused up, and then I cut each in the belly, but they did not spurt much blood. One ran away and the other fell. If you won't look me up I will tell you all about the secret gang. Three weeks to-morrow is going to be the next job.

In another letter sent to the same office were the words:—

There will be merry times at Wyrley in November when they start on little girls like the horses.

All these letters said Mr. Barnes, he would prove were in Edalji's handwriting.

Evidence was given that bloodstains and horse-hairs had been discovered on clothing worn by Edalji, and that four blood-stained razors were found in his room.

The hearing was then adjourned.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES

THE Charge for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DE VITRE—September 23, Curseiji Sorabji De Vitre, son of the late Sorabji Ardeshir De Vitre, and brother of Rustim C De Vitre. Deeply mourned. Funeral to-day, Thursday, at eight in the morning near Thakoorwar Temple, at his brother's residence.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

ORMISTON—September 19, at No. 5, Phillimore Gardens, Kensington, London, the wife of George A Ormiston, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

HEWIT—September 19, at Melbourne House, Calcutta, Catherine Amelia, the wife of J G Hewit.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 49m. Sun sets 5h. 56m. High water, 1-17m, 1-18a, Low water, 7-0m., 7-13a.
Fourth Criminal Session, adjourned sittings, 11 a.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Bombay Woollen Manufacturing Co., Tamarind Lane, 2 p.m.
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Apollo Street, 3 p.m.
Port Canning and Land Improvement Company, Forbes Street, 4-0 p.m.
Football Tournament, Semi-final.
Bombay Natural History Society, 5-30 p.m.

FOLO.—There will be a game this evening at 5-15 o'clock.

BOMBAY STANDING COMMITTEE:—At the weekly meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation, held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Council Hall, business of unimportant nature was transacted.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Delagoa Bay, and other places in South Africa per extra s. s. Umkuzi via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p. m. on Saturday the 26th instant instead of on 25th idem, as previously intimated.

VUPJEEVANDASS MADOWDASS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, SION.—During August the total number of patients treated in this Dispensary was 2,324, the number of new admissions was 718 being classified as Hindoos 319, Mussulmans 208, Parsees 39, Christians 100, and other class 46. The average daily attendance was 91.

FOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—A meeting of the members will be held this afternoon at the Society's Rooms, at 6 Apollo Street, at 5-30 p. m., when the following papers will be read:—(1) On the collections in the Society's Museum by E Comber; (2) The food and poisons of Centipedes by W D Cumming; (3) Notes on the nidification of the Indian Rain Quail by R H Heath; and (4) Curious accident to the Common Swift by M. D. Mackenzie.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.—A public lecture under the auspices of the above named Institution will be delivered in English by Mr. Jehangir Bomanji Petit, Honorary Secretary, on "The Education of the Blind," at 5 p. m. on Friday, in the Hall of the St. Xavier's High School, Dhobi Talao. His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay has kindly consented to preside. The public are cordially invited to attend.

AN UNTRUSTWORTHY FRIEND.—Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Balia Dhandoo, an old offender, was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of a gold armlet, valued at Rs. 35, belonging to Dataram Devu. The evidence showed that the parties were friends. On the 17th instant the accused asked the complainant for a loan of his armlet promising to return the same next day. The complainant complied with the request, but the accused failed to return it and made himself scarce since then. On Tuesday morning the complainant, while passing two Tanks, came upon the accused and made him over to the Police. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and admitted two previous convictions. He was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

THE THEFT AT GOVERNMENT MEDICAL STORES.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Nolan brought on remand and again charged Rama Gunoo, Rublia Arundji, Balia Luximan and Rachi Gungaram, with house-breaking and theft of ten pieces of long-cloth of the value of Rs. 125, the property of the Government Medical Stores. The facts of the case have been published. The accused in pleading guilty stated that the third accused Balia, who was formerly employed in the Medical Stores, had planned burglary and they, assisted by two others, named Rama and Abbu, who were still at large, broke into the Stores and stole the goods. The Magistrate sentenced Balia to two years' rigorous imprisonment, and the rest to eighteen months' imprisonment with hard labour.

A HIGH COURT PEON IN TROUBLE.—Yesterday morning, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Kaisandas Chabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Draper charged Ammaram Gungaji, a peon in the High Court, with cheating. It appeared from the evidence that on the 4th instant Mr. A. Randeria, Nazir of the High Court, paid Rs. 9 to the accused to be paid to Shaik Hussein Yakoob, another peon, for his salary. Instead of paying the amount to Shaik Hussein, the accused appropriated it to his own use. Subsequently Shaik Hussein complained of not having received his pay, Mr. Randeria made inquiries in the matter and gave the accused in police custody. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 10, or in default, to undergo a further term of one month's rigorous imprisonment. The fine, if recovered, was ordered to be paid to Shaik Hussein Yakoob.

A COTTON BROKER IN TROUBLE.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. J. Sander Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Narayendas Purmanand, a cotton broker, was charged with making false representations and thereby inducing the delivery of ornaments, valued at Rs. 544 from Mr. Tarachand Purshram, a jeweller in Medows Street. Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia, barrister-at-law, appeared for the complainant, and Mr. D'Souza, pleader, appeared for the accused. The facts of the case have been reported. After recording some further evidence, the Magistrate convicted the accused and asked his pleader whether the accused was prepared to return the ornaments to the complainant. The accused having declined to do so the Magistrate said he had no option but to pass a substantial sentence upon him. He sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500, or in default, to undergo a farther term of three months' rigorous imprisonment. The fine, if recovered, was ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

ALLEGED INFANTICIDE IN BOMBAY.—On Tuesday morning a Municipal scavenging cart laden with kutchra was driven from the corner of Foras Road to the Mahaluxmi Flats, and while it was being unloaded of its contents at the latter place, the body of a female child wrapped up in a dirty piece of cloth was found in it. On the matter being brought to the notice of the police, Inspector Hassan ordered the body to be removed to the morgue for a post mortem examination by the Coroner's Surgeon. Mr. P. Byrne, Coroner for Bombay, conducted an inquest at the morgue to-day, relative to the death of the child. Dr. Arthur Powell, Coroner's Surgeon in his evidence stated that it was a seven months' female child that had lived and breathed. In his opinion the cause of death was due to suffocation. When he examined the child he found a piece of cloth coiled twice round the neck, producing a pale mark beneath, and that might have caused death by strangulation. The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by strangulation, but under what circumstances the strangulation was caused, there was no evidence to show.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case grey or white hair" to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The Mexican Hair Renewer sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere Wholesale Depot, 23, Farringdon Road, London England.

ROVERS' FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

ROVERS vs. ARGYLL AND SUTHERLANDS

ONE of the greatest surprises of this season's tournament was afforded yesterday afternoon when the Bombay Rovers scored a victory over the Argyll and Sutherlands, the Calcutta champions who had in the first round defeated the Seaforth Highlanders by two goals. It is doubtful if the Rovers have ever played a better or more stubborn game and that their win was a popular one was evinced by the cheers which greeted them on the conclusion of the struggle. Their forwards worked splendidly together and were at all critical points well supported by the back division which the cool and collected defence of Phillips in goal was on many occasions the means of preventing the Calcutta players scoring. The Argyll and Sutherlands throughout proved most worthy opponents and repeatedly sent in stinging volleys but on every occasion failed to break down the defence of the Bombay representatives. At the start play was somewhat slow, though the ball being taken out from end to end of the ground in succession. It was from this period that the Rovers showed they were on their mettle, for during the next fifteen minutes they kept the Calcutta team well penned in their own half and repeatedly called on them to defend. The Argylls then warmed up to their work, and for the remainder of the game the play was of a hard and fast nature, but despite the fact that the military did some hard pressing in the closing portion of the first half no score had been recorded by either side when the teams crossed over. On play being restarted the Argylls pressed the attack with determination, but their repeated shooting for goal proved ineffectual. The Rovers then again had the best of the contest, but despite this the Calcutta team lost no opportunity of showing that they could not be lightly dealt with. At the close of the first fifty minutes' play, the score sheet still remained blank, but directly afterwards the Rovers made one of the most successful rushes of the evening, and enabling Rodwell to get possession of the ball he scored the only goal of the match with a grand volley, the winning shot being loudly applauded by the large crowds that were by this time lining all sides of the arena. With the score against them the Argylls forced matters considerably, but though the remaining attacks were delivered with great persistence, they failed to break down the defensive of the local players, to whose credit it must be recounted that they played a plucky and fully defensive game right up to the close of the contest, and on leaving the field victors by one goal to nil were again loudly cheered by civilians and military alike

The following were the teams:—

Bombay Rovers:—Goal: Phillips; backs: Mc. Lachlan and Scrafton; half-backs: Stapleton, Chatt and Spilling; forwards: Tyler, Moon, Rodwell, Fillitor and Screivener.

Argyll and Southerlands:—Goal: Pte. Coventry; backs: Pte. Wallace and Corpl. Silcock; half-backs: Corpl. Kelly, Ptes. McGowan and Mowat; forwards: Ptes. Pollock, Lockhart, Quin, Lapsley and Hogg. Referee: Lieut. Roche, R. G. A.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MOUNTED SPORTS.

The weekly monsoon sports in connection with the Bombay Gymkhana were held yesterday afternoon on the Marine Lines Maidan. The following are the results:—

TENT PEGGING (Individual.)

Horses:—
Mr Roberts..... 1
Mr Moore..... 2
Ponies
Mr McCausland..... 1
Mr Mocre..... 2

CHEEROOT AND UMBRELLA RACE.

(Competitors to lie down with heads on saddles, 30 yards from where ponies (horses) are held by syces. On the word "go" competitors to to light cheeroots, run to ponies, saddle up, buckle both girths, "open umbrella" before mounting and ride a given course.)

Mr Ames..... 1

WHISTLING COON STAKES (Ladies' nomination).

The Judges to have a list of well-known tunes duly numbered, and gentlemen to draw a number to see which tune is to be allotted to them. They will then ride a given course to where ladies are standing, dismount, and hold horse while they whistle their tune to nominatrix, who will guess tune and write down the name on a piece of paper and sign it. Gentlemen to remount and ride back to starting point, carrying paper which must be handed in to Judges.

Mr. Moore (nominated by Mrs. Mc Causland).—

(HOBSE SCURRY (handicap)

Mr. McLachlan..... 1.
Mr. Neame..... 2

PONY SCURRY (handicap.)

Mr. Cocke..... 1.
Mr. Alston..... 2.

CRICKET.

REAL INSTITUTE LUSO INDIANO
vs.
ANGLO-PORTUGUESE C. C.

THIS match was played in Poona on the Parsee Gymkhana ground on Sunday, and resulted in a win for the R. I. L. I. by 16 runs. Scores:—

A. P. C. C.

	1ST INNINGS.		2ND INNINGS.	
J Pacs, b Rodrigues	2	b Rodrigues	17	
G Fernandes, c D'Mello, b Rodrigues	3	c Braganca, b Rodrigues	0	
		c Soares, b Rodrigues	2	
W D'Souza, b Pinto	6			
S D'Costa, c Rodrigues, b Pinto	5	not out	24	
M D'Souza, b Rodrigues	12	c Fernandes, b Pinto	3	
AsD'Souza, b Pinto	0	b Soares	0	
C Vaz, b Rodrigues	0	c B'Costa, b D'Silva	24	
L Nazareth, c D'Mello, b Rodrigues	2	b Rodrigues	1	
N Macedo, not out	19	b Rodrigues	3	
S Soares, b Rodrigues	0	b Soares	0	
E C Albu querque, b Rodrigues	0	b Soares	0	
Extras	6	Extras	15	
Total	49	Total	89	

R. L. I.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
R B D'Costa, c D'Souza, b D'Souza	7	b D'Souza	29
D Rodrigues, b b w D'Souza	25	c D'Souza, b D'Souza	4
G A Soares, c Soares, b D'Souza	0	b D'Souza	3
F D'Mello, b Pacs	7	b D'Souza	3
S D'Silva, b D'Souza	6	c Pacs, b D'Souza	1
A D'Silva, c Vaz, b Pacs	11	not out	1
M D'Mello, c D'Souza, b Pacs	0	did not bat.	
L Rodrigues, st. b Pacs	0	not out	1
C Ferdnandes, c Ferdnandes, b Pacs	5	Did not bat.	
V P Braganca, not out	0		
J J Pinto, c and b Pacs	1		
Extras	3	Extras	8
Total	65	Total	50

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	2
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	6	2	19
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Funaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	5	6	1
D Khetwadi, Girgaum Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	4
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Pardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	4	13
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	1	3	4
G Mahim and Worli	2	2	5
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	1	7
Total	15	18	70
Total plague deaths to date	263,015	215,216	
same date last year	9	7	101

THE astronomic observatory in Eger, Bohemia, has been broken into and fifteen lenses screwed off the apparatus and taken away. Some of the lenses were of the 17th century period and very valuable. The thief must have been an astronomical expert.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE P & O S N Co's steamer Baroda 3,793 tons, Captain J B Ferguson, will sail to-day for Yokohama &c. with a general cargo.

THE steamer Prome, 2,299 tons, Captain F M-Kay, arrived in harbour on the 22nd instant, from Mauritius, 11th September, with a cargo of sugar.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer gulf of Trinidad, 1,604 tons, Captain Thos Hughes, will sail to-day for Jeddah &c. with a general cargo and 98 deck passengers.

THE P and O S N Co's steamer Naukin, 2,557 tons, Captain E E C Roberts, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Kobe, 15th August, with a cargo of coal and general and 55 deck passengers.

THE steamer Grantley Hall, 2,585 tons, Captain L Hann, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Cardiff, 22nd August, with a cargo of coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Killick Nixon and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Chindwara, 1,501 tons, Captain E G Watson, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Karachi, 20th instant, via Kathiawar coast ports, with a general cargo and Mr Sandiford and 111 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Landaura, 2,156 tons, Captain J Hutcheson, sailed yesterday, for Zanzibar, &c. with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr E A Mathews, Mr Sandi ord, Mr V Ahmed and 70 deck.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Nippon, 3,908 tons, Captain G Klansberger, sailed yesterday, for Kobe, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Major and Mrs H R Lane, Mr and Mrs Furmanr, and Mr Pinder.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Bulimba 1,867 tons, Captain P MacGregor, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers—Rev and Mrs E S Carr, Mr W A Cabral, Mr Cooper, Mr W Moon, two natives and 85 Deck.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

R I M S Canning	Lt Vale	R I M
R I M S Hardinge	Comdr A J G Piffard	R I Marine
H M S Redbreast	Quayle	Royal Navy
Investigator	Comdr T H Heming	R I M
Torpedo Boat No. 100		
Do No 102		
Do No 103		

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—SEPT. 23

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
R I M S Clive		Comdr Beauchamp			R I Marine
Deutschland bq	788	Nacoda			The Captain
Kilcona	1491	Forbes			M M & Co
Culna	1464	Kirkham			M M & Co
Byculla	1085	MacGregor			M M & Co
Shahnoor	2188	Raffin	Cochin	1-7	E Tajbhoy
Barcoora	2186	Hill			M M & Co
Bhundara	2213	Forbes			M M & Co
Kohinoor	1935	Mackinnon			T M & Co
N Macleod bq		Cafere			Captain
Kertella	1403	Hodgson	P Gulf		M M & Co
Bengal	2757	Phillips	China		P & O Co
Jeseric	3113	Shotton			W & A G & Co
Hilarius	1596	Sergent	Antwerp		J M & Co
Ula	3426	Stone			M M & Co
Mutta	2265	Seddon	Calcutta		M M & Co
Arrayo	2367	Plough			A Yall & Co
Vauxhall B	2178	Reedor			W & A G & Co
Safari	993	Winiker	Zanzibar		A Strandes
Booldana	1144	Radcliffe			M M & Co
Bulimba

THE

NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS COMPANY, LD.,

DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

MANUFACTURE

TUSSAH SERGES

SPECIALLY DESIGNED,

FOR BOMBAY WEAR

A Luxury, some say a Necessity,

Specially Woven

to stand Daily Washing if required,

OF PURE MATERIAL,

WIDTH 27", Rs. 1-8 PER YARD.

—

FINE CASHMERES, 54", Rs. 2-4

In 60 Shades for

COSTUMES.

WORSTEDS, 54", Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 3-8

In 6 Solid Colours and Blue and Black Striped six patterns.

FLANNELS, SERGES, AND TWEEDS.

ABOVE ARE A FEW OF

THIS SEASON'S SPECIALITIES

FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

—

BLANKETS, better Value than English, and entirely of Pure Wool only.

—

CHOLERA BELTS As. 9 to Rs. 1-4

—

Army Necessaries and all classes of WOOLLEN *(but no Cotton)* GOODS.

KOSSI SILKS! KOSSI SILKS!! KOSSI SILKS!!!

OUR ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE.

VAST REDUCTION IN THE PRICES.

The SALE will COMMENCE from 1st October, and REMAIN in force till 31st December, 1903. Please write for Samples to make your Selections from, to

N. C. BANERJEE & Co.,

BENARES CANTONMENT.

SMOKES OF THE SEASON.

DUTCH HAVANA CIGARS.

PRICE LIST, per 100.	Rs.	a.
EL ALIENTO, in 50's	12	0
LA SEMIRAMIS, SPOTTED, in 100's	11	0
CAPITANA, CONCHAS TRABUCOS, in 50's	10	0
CREMA DE LAS ANTILLAS, in 50's	9	0
FOR LUCK, CHARM FOR SMOKERS, in 50's	8	0
NOBLESSE, REINITAS, in 50's	8	0
PRIMROS, PRINCESAS, in 50's	7	0

All the above are in splendid condition and recommended as

DRY SMOKES IN THE MONSOON.

Up-country Orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

D. MERWAN & Co.,

CIGAR MERCHANTS and TOBACCONISTS,

42, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

CORSTORPHAN'S HOTEL, SIMLA.

ON THE MALL FACING THE SNOWS.

Opposite His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's Residence.

WITHIN five minutes' walk of the Church, Town Hall and Post and Telegraph Offices, Married Quarters — Bachelors' Block — Billiard Table — Tennis Court.

For terms and particulars please apply to

NORMAN CORSTORPHAN,

MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR.

Manager Hotel Metropole, Simla, 1899 to 1903.

SMOKE.

McDOWELL'S

BAHADUR CIGARS.

BOUQUETS,

QUEEN EMPRESS,

SPECIAL,

TORPEDO SHAPE,

BAHADURS,

MANILLAS,

DAWSON, &c.

MAHOMED HOOSEN KARIM & Co.,

193, ABDOOL REHMAN STREET, BOMBAY.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East. Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Rates to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful Information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette." Offices and all Booksellers and Railway Terminal

NOTICE.

IF this should meet the eye of WILLIAM LAWRENCE, the son of ARTHUR and HARRIET LAWRENCE, firework maker, Liverpool, who sailed from Liverpool some 50 years ago, SISTER LUCY would be thankful to receive any news.

She heard rumours that he had married a Black Lady and built the "Bombay Theatre," she also heard that he died some 15 years ago, but no proof of it to hand. Apply Box No. 895 A., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

THE "UP-TO-DATE SHORTHAND."

HEAD STUDIO, White House, Appollo Bunder,

BRANCH STUDIO, (Central) 53, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Ask one of the 250 pupils for an introduction if you want to become a pupil this month at the Head Studio for Rs. 30 for full course.

The Head Studio will henceforth be for training of pupils to act as TUTORS, EXAMINERS and REPORTERS, and will at all times be conducted by Mr. WARWICK PEELE.

A special "pacing" Machine for 60, 120, 200, words a minute is now being used, by the pupils. From the first of October "new matter" will be given hourly for verbatim puplis.

A GOLD MEDAL will be contested for on the 1st January next, by the pupils of the Head Studio. A Gentleman of high position in Bombay will be invited to give a ten minutes Speech.

A Central branch will be opened at 53, Esplanade Road (near the Paper Currency), on the 1st. of October, and will be conducted by a Staff of specially trained Examiners. The Fees will be Rs. 21 for 21 lessons, viz: Rs 2 for the 1st. lesson, and so on by instalments.

Those pupils who enrol at this branch during the month of October will have the privilege of competing for a cash Prize of Rs 100, and for positions on the staff at the Studios.

(See Circular for particulars.).

PIANOFORTES

SPECIALLY BUILT for INDIA and guaranteed to stand the Climate of India.

SCHIEDMAYER & SOEHNE STUTTGART.

JULIUS BLÜTHNER LEIPZIG.

S. & P. ERARD LONDON.

MARCKS & CO., LD. BOMBAY.

Pianos by the above well-known Makers may be obtained for Cash or on the Hire System under which, by the payment of a fixed amount monthly, slightly in excess of the ordinary charge for simple hire, the Instrument becomes the property of the Hirer on the completion of twelve or twenty-four payments, as the case may be.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES on application to

THE SOLE AGENTS:

MARCKS AND CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

PIANOS

FOR THE

TRANSVAAL SCHOOLS.

ONE of the First Steps on the part of the British Government in regard to the Schools of the New Colony has been the selection of Pianos to be shipped to South Africa. The first 100 Pianos will be despatched by Messrs. JOHN BROADWOOD & SONS, Ld., early in January, 1903.

Reprinted from

"The Times"

Nov. 26th, 1902.

Agents for these Beautiful Pianos

S. ROSE & Co.,

FORT, BOMBAY.

THE

BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co.,

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.

STOCK & SHOW ROOMS,

9-11, MEDOWS STREET,

BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 20), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 30). Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale; or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10 Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

BOMBAY GAZETTE

EXCHANGE STERLING TABLE.

NOW READY;

Price Rs. 2.

THE *Bombay Gazette* STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE is a small neatly bound BOOK covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1s. 4 23-32d. The Book will, it is found supply a long-felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and six months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

The cheapest, best, and most convenient.—*Vide* Press notices.

"MAX" IN "CAPITAL" SAYS:—"To anyone in want of a most handy set of Exchange Tables, I would recommend the little volume published by *The Bombay Gazette*. Its range is from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23-32d., advancing on the sterling side by 32nds up to £100,000, and on the rupee side from 1 pie up to Rs. 10,000,000. The calculations are carried out to two decimal places of the lowest coins. The size of the book is 8¼" by 5½," and consists of 65 pages of clear type, well printed and well got-up in every way. If anyone would like to verify these statements and at the same time come into possession of a valuable commercial assistant, he can do so for the modest outlay of two rupees."

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, SEPT. 24, 1903.

LORD KITCHENER AND THE WAR OFFICE.

A REPORT is again current to the effect that Lord Kitchener is to relinquish command of the army in India and to return Home to undertake more responsible duties. It will be remembered that the War Commission in its report expressed itself dissatisfied at the condition of the War Office, and regarded the War Office Council as inadequate. They regretted they could not regard the measures taken for the prevention of our again being stranded in an emergency as being sufficient. They found that there existed before the war a great and dangerous want of cohesion and co-ordinated action among the different departments of the War Office. Committees for special purposes appeared and disappeared or were transformed with kaleidoscopic rapidity, but there was not at the War Office, as at the Admiralty, any supreme board of control bringing together those responsible for the different great departments and acting with corporate authority. The absence of such a board led to various evils before and during the war. Then they put on record the impression they have gathered that the War Office Council is to rest, as heretofore, on a memorandum by the Secretary of State, which he can himself revoke. "We do not think that this was the intention of the Dawkins Committee,' they write, "or that there is any reason why this particular form of constitution should be maintained. The duties of most of the high officers who are members of the War Office Council are already defined by Orders in Council, and, in our opinion, there is still more reason that the duties which they are to perform as members of the Council, and the constitution of the Council itself, should be defined with the same formality." They also think that the "Army Board," consisting of military heads of departments meeting under the presidency of the Commander-in-Chief, which was revived during the war and discharged useful duties, but has subsequently been suffered almost to expire again, should be established on a firmer basis. They consider that this body might relieve the War Office Council of the minor questions which now beset and hamper it.

As our telegrams told us, great indignation was manifested on the publication of the report and thus it was that Lord Rosebery returned to his suggestion of the recall of Lord Kitchener. "With the report of the War Commission in their hands," said his lordship, "there is a danger of foreign statesmen holding Great Britain cheap"—meaning thereby an increased risk of war. "No time," said he, "must be lost in remedying this, and, whatever the departmental responsibility is, it in no wise diminishes the collective responsibility of the Cabinet. The nation itself is also responsible and must exert its constitutional power. As regards a remedy we fortunately possess a man for the crisis and should give Lord Kitchener the fullest authority to re-organise the War Office system, possibly, on similar lines to the Navy." The London newspapers last week took up the cry and made much of the scheme suggested by Lord Esher, which, we find, is to establish a Council as near as may be on the lines of the Board of Admiralty. He does not propose that the Commander-in-Chief should be a member of the supreme board, or indeed should continue to exist at all. He proposes to abolish the office of Commander-in-Chief and to appoint a General Officer commanding the Army, who should be outside the War Office altogether. This officer would exercise the function of Inspector-General of the Army, and certify annually in writing as to the actual efficiency and sufficiency of the "personnel" and "material" of whatever military organisation has been decreed by Parliament. This presumably is what Lord Kitchener is desired to do; but no official confirmation as his intended recall has yet been published. Sir Archibald Hunter, who is mentioned, in Edinburgh, as a probable successor to Lord Kitchener is a man after his own heart. Though only 47 years of age Sir Archibald has been a general officer for eight years. He served under Sir Francis Grenfell in Egypt, being severely wounded at Ginnis and slightly wounded at Toski. In 1889 he was appointed Major-General on special service in Egypt. He was Governor of the Dongola province and Commandant of the Frontier Field Force from 1895 to 1899, and after the capture of Khartoum he became Governor of Omdurman. Thence he was sent to command a first-class district in India, but he had scarcely taken over charge when he was ordered to South Africa to command the tenth division. His acquaintance with India is but limited, but we learnt enough of him in Egypt, the Soudan, and South Africa to feel sure he will prove, if he must be, a worthy successor of Lord Kitchener, Sir Archibald is known as the youngest and most dashing of British generals and one in whom the army has the fullest confidence.

BOMBAY HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

AN illustration of the manner in which the application of the "razor" has been attended with unsatisfactory results is furnished by the report on Civil Hospitals and Dispensaries under the Government of Bombay. The maximum limit fixed for the text of the report is three foolscap pages—a limit which might more appropriately have been fixed for the report of each individual hospital of any considerable size. The result is that instead of getting a report on the working of each hospital we have a summary of two pages and half-a-dozen lines, followed by a hundred pages of statistics that he who cares may digest for himself. The general public is thus left in the dark as to the efficiency of the institutions, in which every subject of the King-Emperor in this presidency is necessarily interested. The late Governor, in his valedictory speech at Bycalla, gave us to understand that several improvements were contemplated in various hospitals, but we are left entirely in the dark as to what progress has been made in the past year—the period with which the report deals. The summary, however, tells us that 4,031,185 cases were treated in the hospitals in the year as compared with 4,300,566 in the previous twelve months. A decrease of three hundred thousand is enormous, but we are disinclined to believe that it was due to any decline of public faith in the treatment at the hospitals, but rather to an improvement in public health. That the public health in India has improved of late years admits of no possible dispute—terrible epidemics notwithstanding. That fact has been made clear by the experiences of Life Insurance Companies, whose figures demonstrate the improvement which has been effected in the sanitary conditions of the country far more vividly than any number of official returns. The decreases shown in the blue-book before us are said by Surgeon-General McConaghy to be probably attributable to the improved climatic conditions and the subsidence of famine and its deleterious effects on the general health. At the same time the report furnishes some statistics which will be of interest to the Purity League and will afford them much ground for speculation. The female sick still do not seek the relief the hospitals afford so eagerly as the males. Of the millions who attended the hospitals, either as in-door or out-door patients, the ratio per cent. of males was 66·3 and of females 33·7. The hospitals do not appear to have been any more successful in the treatment of plague cases judging from the returns. In 1901, 204,631 cases and 158,941 deaths were recorded, while in the last year, of 290,831 cases, 215,501 died. Surgical operations were more frequently sought, but, many of them being among out-patients, the results in nearly nineteen thousand cases is unknown. We have no means of judging the general equipment of the hospitals, whose maintenance cost the sum of twelve-and-three-quarter lakhs of rupees. Many hospitals are reported to be without proper instruments for certain operations, and it is possible that if Sir Frederick Treves inspected them as critically as he did the military hospitals in South Africa he would describe the appliances as only fit for a museum. A naval surgeon is allowed by Government a fixed sum, wherewith to supply himself with paraphernalia of all descriptions, and a keen man generally spends about five times that amount out of his own pocket. It is not fair to expect this of officers, either of one branch of the service or another. Each and every hospital should be fully equipped and capable of undertaking the relief of every case it admits. But from such a report as that which is sent in to Government, and held by it to be sufficient, it is impossible to say which hospital is, and which is not, adequately equipped, or whether it is necessary to appeal to Government or the benefiat public to furnish funds for the purpose.

THE CABINET RECONSTRUCTION.

THE Colonies quite naturally sympathise with Mr. Chamberlain's policy and must regret the necessity which has brought about his resignation. It was at the instigation of the Colonies that Mr. Chamberlain put forward the proposals which have disrupted the Unionist party and which are the first cause of the Cabinet break-up. The Colonies would not listen to Mr. Chamberlain's suggestions of federation, and, as he clearly told the nation the only way of bringing about a closer union between the Colonies and the mother-country was by a commercial agreement under which Great Britain would impose duties on foreign commerce with the view of favouring Colonial products. That is the policy of the Colonies and Mr. Chamberlain has identified himself with it. Unhappily neither the late Colonial Secretary nor the statesmen who inspired his proposals reckoned upon the extent and character of the opposition which they would arouse in England and which, for the present, has postponed their adoption indefinitely. In the circumstances the expressions of sympathy and regret which have been cabled to the Colonial Office are bound to be wholehearted. Indeed they look very much like condolences over the departed, and are, therefore, somewhat ominous for the future of imperial preferential tariffs as they are now made known to us. The reconstruction of the Cabinet proceeds slowly, and there is yet no confirmation of the report as to the new appointments published by the "St James's Gazette." The announcement by the Conservative evening paper did not indicate that Mr. Balfour had paid much head to the cry for efficiency, but the delay in the official publication of the list of new Ministers shows that an attempt is being made to fit suitable men to the vacant posts. The delay also indicates the difficulty which Mr. Balfour has in making his selections, and there can be no doubt that His Majesty the King is actively interesting himself in the Cabinet reconstruction. The rumours about Lord Curzon have not been revived, but the report concerning the offer of a seat in the Cabinet to Lord Milner has much circumstantiality. Mr. Balfour's difficulties are, most likely, increased by the reluctance of individuals to accept office in the present unsettled state of affairs, when an early appeal to the country cannot be avoided. If these difficulties are not composed within the next few hours the appeal to the country may have to be made earlier than has been anticipated.

THE NAVAL GUNS AT LADYSMITH.

IT is regrettable that at the moment the country is agitated by the War Commission's report, and Sir Archibald Hunter is named as Lord Kitchener's successor, that Captain Hedworth Lambton, who commanded the Naval Brigade at Ladysmith, should descend to an attempt to pick a quarrel. He has, we are told, through the Admiralty demanded "an unreserved apology from Sir Archibald for his sweeping criticism of the naval guns at Ladysmith." School-girls, said he, would have made better practice. He was speaking figuratively no doubt, and had no intention of exaggerating or of belittling the services of the naval gunners. But it is not the first time that the gunnery practice of the navy has been severely criticised. The author of that entertaining book "With the Naval Brigade in Natal" does not claim that they made very excellent marksmanship. He good-naturedly quotes the comments of the artillerist on the rule-of-thumb method of the blue-jackets and thinks them intensely amusing. Have we not also the testimony of the late Mr. Steevens, who, writing of the work done by the big guns, said: "It was all quite unimportant and probably quite ineffective. At first it staggers you to think that mountain-shaking bang can have no result; but after a little experience and thought you see it would be a miracle if it had. The emplacement is a small mountain in itself; the men have run out into holes. Once in a thousand shots you might hit the actual gun and destroy it—but shell is being saved for Christmas." Yet, Mr. Steevens admitted, if they never hit a man, this handful of sailors had been the saving of Ladysmith. Even if they spared their shell, it made all the difference to know that the sailors could reach the big guns if they ever became unbearable. Sir Archibald is not the man to make loose statements, especially in so important an investigation as that carried on by the War Commission. We trust the Admiralty will take no notice of the demand for an apology, beyond commanding Captain Lambton to hold his peace. Sir Archibald may be able to prove his charge.

PLAGUE MEASURES IN HONGKONG.

THE retiring Governor of Hongkong has taken interest in the suppression of plague. The disease in that Colony has now been in existence for ten years, and it still continues to carry on its deadly ravages with unabated virulence. The endeavours which have been made in Hongkong to combat the disease have been as numerous and as varied as those employed in Bombay, and many of the difficulties attending these endeavours have been similar to those which have been encountered in this city. Chief among the drawbacks which the sanitary authorities have to contend with are the apathy and opposition of the people. These Sir Henry Blake believes can be overcome, and the present year's budget contains an item—30,000 dollars—which is to be devoted to the killing of fleas and other insects which infect furniture and bedding and so disseminate the disease. The money is to be spent in the erection of tanks for boiling water in which the infected furniture is to be immersed, the supply of disinfectants, and the provision of an army of coolies to carry out the work. There is nothing very original in the scheme, but it is at any rate carrying the war right into the enemy's camp, and Bombay will look on at the progress of the attempt with much interest. It will be especially interesting to notice the attitude of the people. The Governor appears to think that the matter can be placed before the lower classes of the population in such a way that their opposition will give place to a desire to assist the health authorities in the work. The chief officer of health at Hongkong has been carrying out some extremely interesting experiments. He has directed his endeavours principally to discovering the actual part which the flea, the bug, and all the other insects which prey on man, play in the dissemination of plague, and his labours have been rewarded with results that will be of much value. One significant result of his work was the discovery that many people, Europeans and natives alike, were found to carry the bacillus pest in their blood at the time the plague was at its height, although their outward symptoms did not appear to disclose the presence of the disease. He states that he actually found the plague germ in his own blood during the progress of his experiments, and he leads one to the inference that many supposed cases of fever are due to slight attacks of plague. This will be an alarming proposition to some people.

EX-LIEUTENANT James Kingston, (late of the Middlesex Regiment, attached to the West African Regiment and formerly a Captain of the 4th Royal Dublin Fusiliers) who complains that he was called upon to resign his commission without cause, is publishing his grievances against the Military authorities in England by the aid of a piano-organ drawn by a donkey. A placard on the organ contains a statement of his case.

THE case in which a soldier of the 1st Wiltshires is charged with being in unlawful possession of Government arms and ammunition, and attempting to sell the same to natives at Peshawar, will come on at the Punjab Chief Court before Mr. Justice Reid on the 22nd and 23rd October.

MR. G. T. Spankie, First Additional Judicial Commissioner, Lucknow, proposes to take a year's furlough from November next. On his departure Mr. Chamier, the Second Additional Judicial Commissioner, will officiate in Mr. Spankie's place. Mr. Chamier's present appointment, which is a supernumerary one, created to enable the Court to deal with heavy arrears, will expire in April next, when it may not be continued; but in the meantime it will be filled by Mr. R. H. Macleod, who returns from leave in November. Mr. Macleod has already had experience of the Court, having acted as Judicial Commissioner for six months last year.

IN the Madras Presidency there seems to have been a remarkable development of Nidhis or Mutual Benefit Societies during the half-year ending with June. A Government of India Return just received gives particulars of 31 new Nidhis, their capital ranging from Rs. 2,49,964 to Rs. 12,50,0, and totalling in all Rs. 18,91,689. Only two other new Banking Companies are recorded for the whole of India, each with Rs. 1 lakh capital.

THE following were present at the Indian Medical Service dinner at Simla: Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Franklin, presiding; Colonel J. McConaghey, Lieutenant-Colonels J. P. O'Connor, T. E. L. Bate, C. P. Lukis, J. Anderson, C. J. Bamber, J. Shearer; Majors J. T. W. Leslie, C. R. Green, W. H. W. Elliot, W. Ronaldson Clark, A. J. Macnab, C. H. James, E. Wilkinson; Captains W. E. A. Armstrong, S. P. James, G. Lamb, E. L. Perry, W. F. Harvey, C. M. Goolbody; Lieutenants F. W. Summer and T. S. B. Williams.

A WOMAN in Velton, on the Rhine, kissed her dead child, which had been burnt to death. She contracted blood poisoning from the kiss, and died shortly afterwards.

RECENTLY, in a Hampshire garden, a potato was unearthed weighing nearly 2 ½ lbs., and measuring in length 7ins., and in circumference 12ins. There were three other potatoes on the same root also exceptionally large.

KING EDWARD'S LAND.

A LITTLE KNOWN COUNTRY.

Very few travellers in Central America, though familiar enough with the neighbouring lumber districts of Peten and the coffee-bearing Coban province of Guatemala, seem to have had the temerity to penetrate the dense humid forest country of the Coxcombs. There really seems now some promise of the silence of the ages in the highlands of this part of the famous Mahogany Coast being broken, and its unbounded vegetable wealth made to minister to the needs of our increasing civilisation. Quite recently an expedition from Belize succeeded in going over a wide extent of land hitherto unexplored, and in discovering a range of mountains, distinct from the heights of the Coxcombs as seen from the cazes. The result of this expedition is the addition of a new territory of 1,200 square miles to the Colony of British Honduras, land of considerable wealth in the way of timber and minerals, and of an amazing productiveness for agricultural purposes when, with the advance of civilisation from the sea littoral, it will be found practicable to utilise the hill slopes of the Coxcombs for fruit culture and coffee growing.

This new territory, writes G. H. W. in the "St. James' Budget," has been named King Edward's Land. Singularly, few attempts have been made by the colonists to wrest the secret of the Coxcombs, and only one authoritative expedition has been organised by the Colony, though the Government has looked with a kindly eye on many individual attempts. This official expedition was in 1888, and was initiated by Harry Wickham, a planter of Fiji, a most excellent bushman, who had previously explored many of the rivers of America, and had got well up the Amazon. It was headed by the then Governor, Sir R. T. Goldsworthy, who had with him Mr (now Sir Hurbert) Jerningham, Dr. Dabb, and others—a small party who had anything but a picnic. Although only a few miles from the cost-line—from the precipitous front they present to the east it is clear that, at no remote period, the waters of the Caribbean must have washed their base—the way is through dense scrub, necessitating the free use of the machete at every step.

Sir Hurbert Jerningham has recorded the every-day trials of the expedition, the only amusement of which was an otter hunt; but though it did not succeed in traversing the whole of the mountainous region the party after a trying time (which nearly killed the Governor) succeeded in ascending the highest peak of the middle ax, to which was given the appropriate name of Victoria Peak, the first Jubilee having taken place the previous year. Other peaks in the range were previously named by various explores, the chief of which was Mr. Henry Fowler, who, as Colonial Secretary, arranged an expedition of his own in 1879, which penetrate over the whole mountainous zone, as did also the subsequent expedition of Dr. Carl Sapper in 1896.

THE COXCOMBS.

Until last year these private expeditions were the only parties which had explored the hilly hinterland of Belize, though parts of this terra incognita had yielded up its secrets at different times to private exploration. It was believed that the Coxcombs consisted of three parallel axes of principal elevation: Mr. Fowler passed the southerly of them at 3,300ft., and Dr. Sapper several of over 3,000ft.; the northerly chain culminates in the Maloney Peak, 3,200ft. high. In the more recent exploration, Mr. Fenwick discovered an entirely distinct range, the highest peak of which, 4,000ft. high, he named Mount Joseph Chamberlain. Of these mountains the larger range runs in a westerly direction towards Guatemala, the southerly, a smaller range, towards Sarstoon in British territory. To keep up the old tradition originated by the Coxcomb Expedition of 1888, the larger range was named, after Her Majesty, Queen Alexandra's Mountains, and the smaller range, Prince of Wales's Range; the whole area being named King Edward's Land. It is a singular coincidence that the highest peak of the Coxcombs as hitherto regarded should have been ascended in the year following the late Queen's Jubilee, and the new peaks discovered in the Coronation year of Edward VII. By naming the new peak after the Colonial Secretary, the old tradition was also being preserved, the names previously given to the peaks already discovered, being the surnames of officials connected with the Colony, Fowler Peak, 3,050ft., Moloney Peak, 3,220ft.

MINERAL WEALTH.

The spurs of the Coxcombs reach out to within six miles of the Olne waters of the Caribbean, and from the deck of a schooner in the bay, perennially placid from the protection of its triple tier of cazes, or mangrove islands, great patches of white can be described, appearing like limestone formation, but which Mr. Wilson, a Wiltshire man who came from Tom Hughes's plantation in Tennessee, and who did as much as anyone to lay bare the secrets of nature in this luxuriant region, discovered to be waving masses of luminous white moss tinged with the purple of the Scotch heather. Other travellers have discovered limestone formation, and it is suspected the Coxcombs could be made to yield considerable mineral wealth. There is certainly some gold, experiments with quartz yielding 1 oz. to the ton; and considerable promise of coal. One perhaps ought to say, in writing of the Coxcombs, that they are indeed very like a cock's comb. They stretch for thirty-five miles, reaching down on the south side in spurs to the picturesque district of Manatee, where are many cavernous natural excavations of limestone formation. In the forest growths of this pretty country the jaguar is a gentleman who commands respect; his liking for the cattle of the wood-cutters grazing on the savannahs occasions him to be considered as a sort of highwayman and treated as an outlaw.

Although not nearly so numerous as represented by traveller's tales, the "barber's pole," the El Coral of the Spaniards, a snake with waspslike wings, is also numerous enough to be feared; and there is just now a report of the capture of almost prodigious Tommy Goff in size about equal to the sea serpent. The Tommy Goff is a corruption of the Indian Tamund, but it rarely goes over six feet long. Still, snakes six feet long are not desirable acquaintances in the dense bush, and intending visitors to British Honduras may like to be reassured on the point that the Tommy Goff is not numerous enough to press a frequent acquaintance. The Tommy Goff is a truly formidable beastie, like the animal wonders noted by Commander Sim—

> And serpents seven yards long at least
> And lizards that retain
> Their vigour, spell or age or rage
> Intact to an extreme old age,
> And never lose their mane.

It has tubular teeth and a poison gland in the jaw from which when the wound is made, the juice is viciously ejected. As the Asiatic has a fatalist belief in the bite of the hooded cobra, so the Indian boys of British Honduras have a most holy horror of the Tommy Goff, and are as often ill without being bitten.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS FOR COLONISTS.

The importance of the new territory of the Coxcombs is in its value in an agricultural sense, though the mineral wealth of the country is by no means insignificant, the late Mr. Rokeby Price recommending that the middle zone of the Colony should be examined by experienced miners. The forest of the higher lands are still more luxurious and humid than those of the low lands, and the whole mountainous zone is to be considered as offering exceptional opportunities for the profitable cultivation of coffee and cocoa; the higher portion above the limits of the cohune palms (Attalea cohuna) but within the cabbage palms (Sreodoxa oleracea) would be a splendid land for coffee, as the soil is very rich and the climate most favourable. The coffee of the Alta Vera Sax is very superior, and the western slopes of the Coxcombs have a climate almost identical. The same conditions which earlier travellers have noticed of the Coxcombs nearest the sea littoral, were noticed in the further mountainous zone of King Edward's Land by Mr. Fenwick's expedition. All the country was amazingly fertile, containing vast stores of mineral and timber wealth waiting to the tapped.

The great forests remaining to be opened up will revive the reputation of Belize for mahogany and logwood and the variety of valuable commodities capable of being grown by the planter with little exertion and on small capital will make the lot of the agriculturist equally enviable.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE BALKAN CRISIS.

THE PORTE AND BULGARIA.

PROPOSALS FOR REFORMS.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 23.

It is stated at Sofia that the Porte recently expressed its readiness to consider proposals for a direct understanding whereupon Bulgaria proposed certain conditions, the most important being the appointment of a mixed Commission, the majority to be Bulgarians, to supervise reforms.

The conditions were accepted by the Porte in principle though nothing was definiteiy decided.

An interview between the Bulgarian Premier and the Ottoman Commissioner has taken place regarding ten thousand destitute refugees at Burgas and resulted in a practical understanding, Turkey agreeing to reinstate them in their home sand guarantee them protection. This has increased the hopes of a general agreement.

THE FISCAL QUESTION.

COLONIES AND MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

EXPRESSIONS OF SYMPATHY.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 22.

In addition to direct cablegrams of sympathy received by Mr. Chamberlain, the Colonial Office has published many official telegrams from the Colonies expressing regret at Mr. Chamberlain's resignation and their appreciation of his great services to the Empire and sympathy with his policy.

THE CABINET CHANGES.

MR. BALFOUR AT BALMORAL.

Mr. Balfour is still at Balmoral and the feeling prevails that the prolonged negotiation indicates that the Cabinet changes will be more far reaching than was at first anticipated.

THE NAVAL GUNS AT LADYSMITH.

SEQUEL TO THE WAR OFFICE INQUIRY.

AN ADMIRAL DEMANDS AN APOLOGY.

Admiral Lambton has written to the Admiralty demanding an unreserved apology from Sir Archibald Hunter for his sweeping criticism on the shooting of the naval guns at Ladysmith in the course of his evidence before the War Commission, where he said that school-girls would have made better practice than the naval gunners did.

THE MOROCCO QUESTION.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

The Morocco question has been discussed between France and Great Britain, but there is no present idea of establishing French predominance in Morocco. The military preparations in Southern Algeria are due to the necessity for dealing with the recurring raids.

BRITISH ARMY REFORM.

REPORTED RECALL OF LORD KITCHENER.

ARMY CORPS ORGANIZATION.

SIR ARCHIBALD HUNTER FOR INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 23.

It is reported at Edinburgh, says a special cablegram to the "Englishman," that Sir Archibald Hunter has been transferred to the command of the Army in India, Lord Kitchener returning to England.

The cablegram also says that Admiral Lambton demands an apology from General Hunter for his criticisms of naval gunnery at Ladysmith.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 22.

The papers yesterday announced that it was not intended at present to proceed with the organisation of the fifth and sixth army corps.

The "Daily Mail" states that General Hunter, who was nominated to command the Sixth Army Corps, will now succeed General Sir Robert Low as Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army.

THE BOMBAY AND MADRAS COMMANDS.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 23.

General Hunter has been appointed to the Command of the Madras Army and sails on the 2nd October.

General Egerton has been appointed to the Command of the Bombay Army.

BAD NEWS FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

Today's telegrams from Constantinople differ entirely from those received from Sofia.

The state of tension is greater than ever, and the protracted Councils which have been held have ended in the ordering of thirty-two battalions from Monastir to Adrianople.

THE POWERS AND VENEZUELA.

PRESENTATION OF CLAIMS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPTEMBER 23.

The "Pioneer" correspondent cables as follows under date London 22nd September :—Claims against Venezeula have been formally presented. France is the largest creditor, claiming sixteen million dollars; the United States claim nearly eleven millions; Italy eight millions; England two-and-a-half millions; and Germany under one-and-a-half-millions.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 22.

No change has been made in Lord Curzon's immediate plans in consequence of the reorganisation of the Home Ministry, and His Excellency's Kumaon and Phulkian States tours are still likely to be carried through as previously announced.

DEATH OF AN OFFICER.

Second-Lieutenant Little, 25th Bombay Rifles, died at Ahmednagar last Sunday from enteric.

THE DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

The Irish Rifles beat the Meerut Artillery in the Durand Tournament to-day by three goals to love. The Gunners had bad luck, having their centre forward injured half way through the game. The Irish combination was admirable and the team continue strong favourites for the Cup.

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 23.

The Queen's beat the Simla Volunteers in the semifinals of the Durand Tournament today by one goal to love. The game was exceedingly even throughout, and the Volunteers almost equalised, but a goal which they claimed in the second half was disallowed as off-side.

THE THIBET COMMISSION.

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 23.

The 23rd Pioneers at Mian Mir have at last received their orders to proceed to Sikkim to assist in road-making in connection with the Commission now encamped upon the Thibet Border.

THE BAIN CASE.

EUROPEAN PROTEST IN CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 23.

At a meeting of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce held yesterday, and attended by the Chairmen of various affiliated Associations and representatives of the Trades Association and of the European and Anglo-Indian Defence Association, the Bain Case was discussed. There was a unanimous agreement that the action of Government in this and in a similar case was inexpedient, ill advised, and calculated to promote racial animosity.

It is probable that a representation or memorial to the Viceroy on the subject will result.

CONVICTION OF A EUROPEAN FOR MURDER

AN APPEAL ADMITTED

Mr. Henry Aloysius Martin, Proprietor of the Sangramghar Colliery, Burdwan, who was convicted on retrial of causing the death by a revolver-shot of Wishtu and sentenced to three years' imprisonment, has appealed to the Vacation Bench of the High Court to-day for a further trial of his case on various grounds of unlawful reception of evidence and misdirection of the jury. The Court disallowed the appeal on these grounds, but admitted it on the ground of the sentence only.

THE MADRAS RUGBY TOURNAMENT.

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 23.

Heavy rain fell here last night and this morning. The match between the Bombay and Madras Gymkhanas in the Madras Rugby Football Tournament, which was postponed yesterday owing to the non-arrival of some players of both sides, will however take place to-day.

FIRST GAME—A DRAW.

LATER.

The Bombay Gymkhana met the Madras Gymkhana this evening. Though a magnificent struggle was witnessed, it ended in a draw, owing to the wet state of the ground no scores being made. At the commencement Bombay pressed hard, but without effect as the Madras defence was good, though very near scoring twice. When time was up five minutes' extra play was allowed and an exciting tussle ensued. Play will be resumed to-morrow.

A SCULLING MATCH.

Four-Oar and Pair-Oar races between Madras and Bombay have also been arranged to take place on Thursday, or Saturday, according as to whether Bombay loses or wins. The Bombay crew will be.—Ward, bow; Brand, No. 2; Elworthy, No. 3; Sarson, stroke; and Bromley, Cox. For the Pairs :—Dyon and Sarson; and Brand and Elworthy will represent Bombay.

CAPTAIN A. A. GOVER BUTLER, of the 68th Regimental Depot, Newcastle, has been married at St. James' Church, Benwell, to Miss Kathleen Scott, daughter of the late Alderman J. A. Scott, and sister of Major Harvey Scot, D. S. O. After the ceremony the happy couple left for Edinburgh on their honeymoon, and will tour through the Scottish lake district by motor-car.

WHEN Herbert C. Kennedy, a chauffeur, of Yorkville, U.S.A., was charged with assaulting his brother-in-law, Leonard Blumenthal, his wife asserted that she had never wanted to marry Kennedy, but that she was fascinated by his hypnotic eye, and that while taking her a ride in a motor-car, he had given her a love potion, which rendered her powerless to resist his pleadings.

THE PRESIDENCY MATCH AT POONA.

PARSIS WIN BY AN INNINGS.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 23.

Faviell and Kearsey resumed the Presidency second innings this morning. Kapadia delivered a maiden over and Balsara did the same, and then Faviell slipped Balsara for two leg-byes and also scored a three. Kearsey added another off Kapadia. Faviell was playing a steady and good game, and a score of 200 was registered on the board. Faviell next cut Balsara for a single and then, Kapadia having bowled a maiden, Kearsey was clean bowled by Balsara. Coombs joined Faviell and drove Balsara to the boundary for four. Mody missed a catch at slip off Coombs and then Faviell drove Kapadia to leg for two. He next cut Balsara for a single and afterwards drove Kapadia to the boundary, bringing up 220. Coombs got a single and Faviell again drove Kapadia. Coombs was given out leg before wicket, and this brought the innings to a close.

The Parsis won the match by an innings and 6 runs. Scores :—

PRESIDENCY.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Mr H Cocstham, b Bulsara	30	b Pavri	69
Lieut W F O Faviell, c Machliwalla, b Kapadia	9	not out	66
Mr A L Smith, c Machliwalla, b Kapadia	11	b Balsara	12
Lieut B M Carroll, c Colabawalla, b Kapadia	2	b Pavri	7
Lieut H W Green, b Kapadia	5	b-b-w Mistri	8
Lieut B E A Manson, b Bulsara	1	b Bulsara	7
Capt C Campion, b Kapadia	21	c and b Mistri	14
Mr P J Mead, b Bulsara	1	b Mistri	4
Lieut J J McDonogh, c and b Bulsara	1	b Mistri	3
Lieut H C Kearsey, not out	0	b Bulsara	2
Mr E E Coombs, b Kapadia	0	b-b-w Bulsara	9
Extras	5	Extras	22
Total	97	Total	222

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

PRESIDENCY.

	First Innings. O	M	R	W	Second Innings. O	M	R	W
Mr Bulsara	21	9	46	4	33	6	81	3
Mr Mistri	5	1	19	0	25·4	7	37	4
Mr Kapadia	13·3	5	27	6	35	7	35	1
Dr Pavri	..	..	..	..	11	2	47	2

PARSIS.

First Innings.	
Mr F P Colaba valla, c McDonogh, b Manson	1
Mr D M Kapadia, senr, b Coombs	5
Mr D C Daruvalla, c McDonogh, b Coombs	113
Mr R P Mehrbhomji, c Kearsey, b Coombs	9
Mr K M Mistri, c Smith, b Coombs	7
Mr H E Mody, c Green, b Manson	17
Mr D D Kanga, b Coombs	5
Mr Machliwala, c Green, b Manson	7
Dr M D Pavri, run out	45
Mr M D Balsara, b Faviell	3
Mr K Kapadia, not out	1
Extras	21
Total	315

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

PARSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonough	35	13	78	0
Manson	22	10	56	3
Coombs	30	9	73	6
Cuesthum	13	0	55	0
Faviell	9	2	23	1
Campion	3	1	11	0
Carroll	16	7	22	0

*Bowled three wides.

PREVIOUS PRESIDENCY MATCHES.

The following table shows the result of all matches played between the Parsis and the Presidency up to date :—

1892.—At Bombay. Drawn owing to rain.
1893.—At Poona. Parsis won by 3 wickets and 1 run.
1893.—At Bombay. Drawn.
1893.—At Poona. Presidency. Won by an innings and 35 runs.
1894.—At Bombay. Parsis won by 121 runs.
1894.—At Poona. Presidency won by 87 runs.
1895.—At Bombay. Presidency won by 5 wickets.
1895.—At Poona. Parsis won by an innings and 10 runs.
1896.—At Bombay. Presidency won by 10 wickets.
1896.—At Poona. Presidency won by two wickets.
1897.—At Bombay. Drawn.
1897.—At Poona. Parsis won by 303 runs.
1898.—At Bombay. Presidency won by an innings, and 16 runs.
1898.—At Poona. Presidency won by an innings and 36 runs.
1899.—At Bombay. Drawn.
The Poona match was not played.
1900.—At Bombay. Parsis won by 135 runs.
1900.—At Poona. Drawn.
1901. At Bombay. Parsis won by 8 wickets and 4 runs.
1901.—At Poona. Presidency won by 192 runs.
1902.—At Bombay. Parsis won by 44 runs.
1902.—At Poona. Presidency won by 4 wickets.
1903.—At Bombay. Parsis won by 149 runs.
1903.—At Poona. Parsis won by an innings and 6 runs.

(Won by Presidency—9. Won by Parsis—9. Drawn—5. Abandoned—1.)

THE HARRIS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

POONA, SEPTEMBER 23.

The following teams have entered for the Harris Football Tournament :—10th Royal Hussars, Royal Field Artillery (Kirkee), Royal Scots, Royal Buffs, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, West Yorkshire, Cheshire, North Staffordshire, and York and Lancashire Regiment. The ties will be drawn to-morrow.

ACCIDENT AT A RIFLE RANGE.

A SOLDIER KILLED.

DARJEELING, SEPTEMBER 22.

A private of the West Riding Regiment was killed at the Lebong rifle range by the ricochet of a bullet which struck him on the head. A court of inquiry will investigate the case to-morrow.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Captain Davis 22nd Punjab Infantry, commands the Baluchistan Camel Corps proceeding to Somaliland.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Morris, R. A. M. Corps, assumed charge of the office of Principal Medical Officer, Bombay and Nagpore Districts, from 19th instant.

The hired transport Shirala conveying an Ekka train will sail for Berbera from the Jetty Shed, Prince's Dock, on the 25th September. The Ekka train with Establishment will arrive at the Jetty Shed, Prince's Dock, in 4 Special troop trains at 4-0, 5-0, 6-30 and 7-30 a.m., on 25th instant.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Morris, R. A. M. Corps, Officiating Principal Medical Officer, Bombay and Nagpore Districts, proceeded to Deolali on duty on Tuesday. Major J. H. Curtis, R. A. M. C., will perform the current duties of the office of the Principal Medical Officer during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel Morris, R. A. M. C.

THE house in Walworth road where Sir Christopher Wren is said to have lived while building St. Paul's Cathedral is being repaired. It has long been falling into ruins, and has had for years the reputation of being haunted.

A FRENCHMAN, M. Bazette, is candying flowers for eating as sweets. He makes flowers up palatably with leaves, all green, all perfect. Violets are extensively candied in Switzerland, and are said to be delicious when beaten up in whipped cream.

POONA RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 23.

The Poona Races and Steeplechases commenced this afternoon. The attendance was by far the largest ever seen on the course and several sportsmen from upcountry were present. The weather was rather warm, but at the first race a slight shower of rain fell. It did not however interfere with the start. The following are the results :—

The Breeders' Plate—Rs. 2,000, out of which second receives Rs. 400; and if the third Rs 200. A Handicap for country bred Horses. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr Allardice's b c b g Upstart, 7st Lansdown 1
Messrs G K and D D'a b c b h Triumph, 7st 2lbs Heeroo 2
Mr Potter's br c b g Winston, 7st 9lbs Hyte 3
Mr J D Scott's b c b m Gentle Lady, 10st 7lbs Ramshaw 0
Mr J D Scott's b c b h Louis, 7st 8lbs O'Neill 0
Mr Fry's b c b m Lady Newbrook, 6st 3lbs Bennett 0
Colonel J P Grant's c b h Philistine, 9st 7lbs Melson 0
Mr J B's b c b m Miss Ascot, 6st Dhondi 0

Betting.—5 to 2 against Gentle Lady; 4 Miss Ascot; 5 Upstart and Philistine; 6 Wisdom longer odds, the rest.

Won by three lengths, a head between second and third. Time—1min 20 2-5secs.

The Stand Plate—Rs 1,500, out of which second receives Rs 300, and the third Rs 200. For Ponies 14 hands and under, new measurement, 14 hands to carry 8st 10lbs. W I Penalties—Winners since 31st March, 1901, of a race value Rs 600 or over: once, 4lbs; twice, 7lbs; oftener, 10lbs. Winners since the above date of races value as above of the aggregate value of Rs 5,000, or over, 4lbs in addition to above penalties. Allowance—Maidens, 5lbs; Ponies 14 hands and under, new measurement; 7lbs. Distance—1 2-4 Mile.

Mr R J Hunter's ch aus g Haydn, 8st 7lbs Robinson ... 1
Messrs G K and D D'a ch aus m Veera, 8st 7lbs Heeroo 2
Mr Franklin's ch aus g Cocos, 8st 11lbs Ommerkhan ... 3
Mr Finch's br aus m La France, 8st 11lbs Williams ... 0
Mr Leslie's b aus m Bandicoot, 8st 8lbs Omer 0
Mr Avasia's ch aus m Western Queen, 8st 4lbs Hoyte 0
Mr A W P's b aus m Nanette, 8st 1lb Native 0
Mr C D's b c b m Namuna, 6st 6lbs Melson 0
Mr M Nusserwanjee's roan c b c Jai, 6st Kamad 0

Betting—5 to 4 against Haydn, 3 Cocos, 5 Veera, 10 Namunu, 12 the rest.

Won by a length, two lengths between second and third. Time—50 2-5 secs.

The Maiden Stakes—Rs 2,000, out of which second receives Rs 400, and the third Rs 200 For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under, new measurement. Maidens on 1st January, 1903, 14 hands to carry 9st 3lbs. W I—Penalties—Winners since 31st December, 1902, of a race value Rs 900 or over, once, 5lbs; twice, 7lbs; oftener 10lbs. Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr R B S's b a h Sirjamal, 7st 4lbs Melson 1
Messrs M Gouldas, A Nanjee and A M Amer's b a h Bay Middleton, 8st 12lbs Lansdown 2
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Moon, 9st Heeroo 3
Lt-Col J Desaraj Urs' b a h Delight, 9st 3lbs O'Neill .. 0
Mr A R Amer's g a h Young Kohinoor, 9st 3lbs Ramshaw 0
Colonel Kavanagh's g a h Money Spinner, 9st 3lbs Robinson 0
Messrs Metaphs, Cowasjee and Cowasjee's g a h Tigris, 8st 11lbs Sonthall 0
Mr George's g a h Alexis, 8st 11lbs Ommerkhan 0
Captain Leman's g a h Regret, 9st 4lbs 0
Mr S A Wahed's g a h Saphark, 8st 3lbs Kamad 0
Mr R R S's ch a h Mint, 8st 6lbs Noor Mahomed 0
Mr Ebrahim bin Talib's g a h Ninava, 8st 2lbs Kamad 0
Mr Abdulla ul Shamlan's ch a h Galib, 7st 10lbs Esul 0

Betting—3 to 2 against Bay Middleton, 3 Money Spinner, 4 Sirjamal, 6 Kohinoor, 12 Tigris, 20 the rest.

Won by two lengths. Dead heat between second and third. Time—1min 40 2-5 secs.

The Trial Stakes—Rs 3,000, out of which second receives Rs 600, and the third Rs 400. For Horses, W A and C reduced 7lbs Penalties—Winner since 31st March 1901, race value Rs 1,800: once 4lbs; twice, of race value Rs 1,500 or of race value Rs 4,000, 7lbs; three times, of race value Rs 1,500, or of race value Rs 9,000 or over 10lbs. Allowances.—Horses which have not won race value Rs 1,033 or over 5lbs. Maidens, 12lbs (not accumulative). Distance 1 mile.

Dr Spooner Hart's g aus g Acetine, 8st 2lbs O'Neill 1
Mr J D Scott's b aus g Forest, 8st 7lbs Armes 2
Honble Mr A A Apcar's b aus g Stand Off, 9st 3lbs Ramshaw 3
H H The Nawab of Patiala's ch aus m Loch Clevden, 9st 3lbs Southall 0
Mr J C Galstaun's b aus g Hoop Iron, 9st Robinson 0
Mr Kelso's bl aus g Miles, 8st 5lbs Ommerkhan 0
Major Vans Agnew's b aus g Corsie Roy, 8st 2lbs Melson 0

Betting—4 to 1 Acetine, 7 Miles, 8 Loch Clevedden, 10 Stand Off, 20 the rest.

Won easily by four lengths, five lengths between second and third. Time—1min 47 4-5 secs.

H H The First Aga Khan's Commemoration Plate—Rs 2,000, out of which the second receives Rs 400, and the third Rs 200. For Arabs W A reduced 7lbs Penalties—Winners since 31st March, 1901, of a race value Rs 900 or over, once, 4lbs; twice, 7lbs; oftener, 10lbs Winners since the above date of races value as above of the aggregate value of Rs 5,000 or over, 4lbs in addition to above penalties. Allowance—Maidens, 5lbs; Ponies 14 hands and under, new measurement; 7lbs. Distance—1 1-4 Miles.

Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Mameluke, 9st 10lbs Heeroo 1
Messrs M Gouldass, A Nanjee and A M Amer's b a h Hyderi, 9st 6lbs Lansdown 2
Mr R R S's ch a c Seagull, 6st 11b Kamad 3
Mr Mahomed Hajee Ebrahim's ch a h Gallant, 9st 3lbs C B Mahomed 0
Agha Mirza Ahmed's b a h Arabee, 9st 3lbs Ramshaw 0
Mr F M Garda's br a h Narunjee, 8st 12lbs Ommerkhan 0
Mr R R S's g a h Officer, 8st 10lbs Melson 0
Mr Krishnarao Gopalrao Gaikwad's b a h Reminder, 8st 5lbs Robinson 0
Mr Richards' ch a g Selpine, 8st 5lbs Williams 0
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Magtoom, 7st 13lbs Kanai .. 0
Messrs A A Saif and E Rashood's g a h Galston, 7st 13lbs Southall 0
Captain Dunbar's g a h Victory, 7st 12lbs Gerard 0
Messrs F Nowroji and H Jamsetji's g a h Propeller, 7st 11lbs Hoyt 0

Betting—2 to 1 Mameluke and Arthur, 6 Hyder, 10 Gallant and Reminder, 15 Officer and Narungee, long odds the rest.

Won by one and a half lengths; two lengths between second and third. Time—2min 26 secs.

The New Stakes—Rs 2,000, out of which the second receives Rs 300, and the third Rs 200. For Ponies 14 2 and under, new measurement 13-2 to carry 9st 3lbs W I Penalties—Winner since 31st March, 1901, of a race value Rs 900 or over, once, 5lbs; twice, 7lbs; oftener, 10lbs; Winners since the above date of races value as above of the aggregate value of Rs 5,000, or over 4lbs in addition to above penalties, Allowances—C Bs, 13 lbs. Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr Kelso's b aus m Russley Rose, 7st 13lbs Ommerkhan 1
Mr A W P's b aus m Mia, 8st 11lbs Hoyt 2
Mr J D Scott's ch aus h Yankee Boy, 9st 5lbs Ames 3
Lt Col J Desaraj Urs' b aus g Maimus, 9st 11lbs Lansdown 0
Dr Spooner Hart's b aus g Rifleman, 9st 4lbs O'Neill 0
Mr Kelso's ch aus g Indabba, 9st Robinson 0
H H the Nawab Saheb of Patiala's b aus m Malice, 8st 9lbs Southall 0

Betting—Evens Rifleman, 6 to 4 Russley Rose, 4 Indabba, 6 Min, 8 Yankee Boy, 10 Minimus and Malice.

Won by three lengths, a head between second and third. Time—1min 18 3-5 secs.

TILAK CASE.

THE RECOVERY OF THE FINE.

AN APPLICATION REJECTED.

Mr. Kelkar, pleader, on behalf of Mr. Tilak made an application to-day to Mr. Swifte, Collector and Magistrate, against the warrant which was issued by Mr. Clements, Special Magistrate, who tried Mr. Tilak for perjury and sentenced him to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000. Immediately after conviction Mr. Tilak appealed to the District Judge to be released on bail. This was granted, bail being fixed at Rs. 10,000. Mr. Tilak was also fined Rs 1,000, or in default to undergo three months' further imprisonment. On the 16th instant, Mr. Clements issued a warrant to the Police to recover the fine, which they did by seizing articles of drawers which contained the amount. The appeal to the Collector states all these facts. It also states that at the time of the conviction no warrant was issued to recover the fine, that Mr. Tilak was not obliged to pay the fine till the final decision of the appeal, and that the issue of the warrant and its execution were illegal. He, therefore, prayed for its cancellation and that the property attached be returned.

The Collector has rejected the application, and Mr. Kelkar has applied for a copy of the order.

JACOB S. WILKES, of Tunkhannock, Pa., was attacked by a vicious dog, which seized him by the throat and was mangling him badly, when Mrs. Wilkes came to his rescue armed with an axe. She struck at the dog and cut it in two. The force of the blow, however, severed her husband's leg just below the knee, and he bled to death before a doctor could reach him.

THE WEST OF INDIA GOLF TOURNAMENT.

A RETROSPECT.

(BY OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

THE meeting which has just ended has proved to be the most successful ever held at Nasik. The tournament arrangements were admirable. Everything went smoothly from start to finish and never a grumble was heard! All this excellent "bandobast" was not carried out without a great deal of labour and trouble. Alas, that our play means so much work for some one. Mr. Edie, the Tournament Secretary, and his brother, who assisted him, were mainly responsible for the good working of the tournament, and the amount of work they put in was exceeding great! Virtue is said to be its own reward. In this case the Messrs Edie were also rewarded by the hearty thanks of every competitor.

Another factor which contributed to the success of the meeting was the welcome influx of new players. "From the four corners of the land they came." Bombay, Poona, Nagpur, Mhow, Mount Abu, Deolali—all sent competitors, and many of them competitors of good capabilities. Never before has there been and meeting in which any one of eight players might have proved to be the winner of the scratch prizes. Again, the links have been better this year than ever before. The Green Committee spared neither time nor money—so far as the latter commodity was afforded them—to make the links as good as possible, and, aided by rain during the week, they gave players an excellent course for every event. Of course Nasik greens at their present best are not first class, as the nature of the soil and grass makes it most difficult to keep them true; but the Green Committee did the best they could, and if the same amount of work is put on the links in succeeding years the Nasik golf course will continue to improve apace.

But as every cloud has a silver lining, so every success has its portion of disappointment; and, while congratulating the club on a very successful meeting, one cannot but confess to a feeling of disappointment at the results of the play. With gutty balls and with the links in not nearly such good order scratch scores of 84 and 85 had frequently been returned in previous years at Nasik in medal play during the Tournament over eighteen holes practically as long as those which now obtain. Yet now, with rubber-cored balls which make the links by comparison at least 10 per cent. shorter, the best medal round in the competition just ended was 84. I suppose this must be attributed partly to the ever-present element of luck, which was peculiarly aggravating at Nasik this year, and to the fact that nearly all the scratch players were not accustomed to the rubber cored ball. Captain Leman and Major Anderson came out top of the scratch players and their success is partly due to their having become well accustomed by much practice—the one at Nasik and the other at Poona—to the vagaries of this ball on the ground over which the tournament is played. I do not wish to detract anything from the credit due to the success of these two players, but I feel convinced that had all the scratch players accustomed themselves to playing with these balls at Nasik we should have seen better scoring and different results. In any case Captain Leman would probably have won the Club Cup, for, combined with an admirable style, his play is remarkably steady and that, as we all know, is what generally wins match play in the long run.—Major Anderson would always come to the front in any link. His accuracy of play is remarkable, and especially so because his style is most unattractive. Neither player, however, has much power in play and on a big course at home would be somewhat lost. Colonel Carter, on the other hand, while neither particularly steady, nor especially accurate, is a most powerful and brilliant player. To my mind he was the best player at Nasik. Put him at, say, Muirfield with the other Nasik scratch players, and I doubt if many of them would see the way he went. Had Colonel Carter been thoroughly used to the rubber-cored ball I believe he would have done very well at Nasik this year. I hope to see him successful next year.

None of the other scratch players came very much to the front. Mr. Pechey was so hopelessly out of form that he didn't even get into the eight for the Club Cup. Mr. Stansfield showed a little of his best form now and again, but unfortunately not when it was most wanted. Of the other Bombay players Messrs. Nicholson, Carnegie, and Meikle showed at best. Of the Poona players I have already referred to Major Anderson. Mr. Boyd, by reputation the best of the Poona lot, was unfortunately, unwell: so we do not know what he might have done. Mr. Fry began well, but tailed off towards the end of the week. Mr. Wroughton was right at the top of his form and did very well, but he was not quite good enough to beat the winners. The Mhow pair, Captains Jones and Armstrong, both played in good style, and certainly deserved their win in the foursomes. With practice, I think, Captain Jones will become quite first class. He plays so easily yet gets a very long shot with both wooden and iron clubs.

In competition for ladies Mrs. R. Anderson, from Poona, completely dwarfed her opponents. This lady is a very pretty player and I am sorry that the ladies' links at Nasik are not more worthy of her skill. The fact of the matter is that there is not room at Nasik for a separate ladies' links except of rather a "bumble puppy" type and I am afraid that players like Mrs. Anderson will not be attracted by Nasik.

The West of India Club is now in a good way to success. Before next rains the new club house will be ready, and this alone should attract new players to Nasik. There are more members on the books of the club than ever before, and more good players amongst them than in former years. The Club have a most enthusiastic over of the game in Mr. R. B. Stewart, and an excellent Secretary in Mr. Edie. Next year should see an even more successful tournament.

PRIZE WINNERS.

Club silver medal for lowest score of 18 holes ..... Colonel Carter, 84.
Club gold medal for Net ..... Not presented; limit average of 3 scores ..... 87 not reached.
Club Cup by match play ..... Captain Leman.
Runner up ..... Major Anderson.
Resident's (Mr. Muir McKenzie) Cup ..... Captain Leman.
Scratch foursomes ..... Captains Jones and Armstrong.
Bombay Gymkhana Cup (H'cap) ..... Mr R B Stewart.
Nasik Gymkhana Cup (H'cap) ..... Major Walker.
Handicap foursomes ..... Colonel Onslow and Major Young.

Winners of other Handicap events:
Major Anderson.
Mr Heaton
Mr Stansfield.

LADIES.

Club Silver medal ..... Mrs R Anderson.
Bombay Bangle Handicap ..... Mrs Shaw.
Mr Heaton's Prize ..... Mrs R Anderson.
Foursomes (Handicap) ..... Mrs R Anderson and Mrs Northcott.
Putting Competition ..... Mrs Heaton.

A CO-OPERATIVE Credit Society, or Bank, open to all Government servants employed at Simla, will be established there with the object of encouraging thrift, by affording a means to save a portion of their income, on which a fair return may be reckoned in the way of interest, and to prevent hopeless indebtedness by enabling member to obtain advances on reasonable terms and rate of interest. The capital of the Society will be raised by means of shares of Rs. 25 each limited for the time being to 500 shares, but with power to increase the number of shares hereafter. The Hon'ble Sir Edward Law, Finance Member of Council, has given his general approval to the scheme, and is anxious to see the Society established. He has also promised to give the movement his support. Mr. John T. R. Stark, of the P. W. D., has been appointed Secretary to the Provisional Committee of the Society.

A Cathedral of the Russo-Greek Church is to be erected at Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A. It will be built on a scale of great magnificence, at a cost of £200,000, the necessary money being supplied by the Czar of Russia as the head of the Church.

THE BANK OF BOMBAY AND THE CRESCENT SITE.

PROPOSED NEW BUILDINGS.

OPPOSITION BY SHAREHOLDERS.

THE following representation has been addressed to the President and Directors of the Bank of Bombay by shareholders holding more than 2,000 shares :—

We, the undersigned shareholders of the Bank of Bombay, beg to submit, for the consideration of the Board, the following representation in the matter of the contemplated abandonment of the present premises and the proposed building of a new Head Office on the Crescent Site near the Sailor's Home.

We beg fully to endorse the points contained in the letter addressed by four prominent shareholders to the President and submitted at the last Annual General Meeting of the shareholders, as also the sentiments expressed at the said meeting by several shareholders against the acquisition of the new Site, and in favour of the retention of the present premises.

We beg, firstly, to submit that the transfer of the Colaba Cotton Green to Mazagaon, having been finally decided upon, it is proper to watch events and the consequences of the proposed transfer to Mazagaon before embarking on the building of a new Head Office at an abnormally heavy cost on the "Crescent Site," where it will be on the other side of the town, far away from the business centre which must gradually shift to the north (Mazagaon) and also far removed from the mercantile community.

We need hardly point out that the present Bank premises occupy a very central situation for merchants and brokers, for the Custom House and surrounding European and native Offices, as also for the Hong-Kong, Simla and Bengal Banks. The present premises are free-hold and have cost about over Rupees 6,00,000 and in view of the additional accommodation now required for the business of the Bank, they can at reasonably moderate cost, be altered, improved and if necessary, added to. As suggested by shareholders at the last Annual General Meeting, this additional accomodation could easily be secured by renting suitable quarters for the Bank's Assistants who now reside on the premises, and utilizing the space thus vacated to meet the required additional accommodation. This could also be further done as in the case of the Custom House premises opposite by putting up an additional story and providing an hydraulic lift as also electric punkahs and light were necessary. If the increased accommodation thus provided would not suffice, (though we are fully persuaded it state will then suffice), we are in a position to that the buildings adjoining the present Bank premises, free-hold in tenure could be acquired at about one-third their original cost price, and this remedy the Board might well adopt to suit its exigences if it be very urgently needed. The "Crescent Site" should therefore be out of the question in as much as it is not conducive to the interests of the Bank to abandon the present central situation there of on the principal ground, which has always to be kept in view by a banking body that its success and thriving condition mainly depend on the number and amount of deposits received by it without interest, for which the present central situation of the bank provides every facility and convenience and which no intending depositors in the face of the existing keen competition are likely to do suffering the inconvenience of having to go to the proposed out of the way premises on the "Crescent Site" in a blazing sun or in drenching rain.

Apart from the above considerations in favour of the retention of the present premises with such improvements, alterations and additions as may be necessary, the questions of the cost of the new building and the heavy liability entailed by the lease-hold tenure of the proposed "Crescent Site" demand the serious attention of the Board. The present premises, we believe, were purchased at a very heavy price and large sums have, besides, been spent from time to time on it for repairs and keeping it in good order. Therefore, if they are abandoned, the same would "ipso facto" cause a loss of about three to four lacs, inasmuch as we do not believe that the present premises, if sold after removal of the bank, would fetch more than two lacs. Starting with this initial loss of from three to four lacs, a building with the architectural beauty and grandeur necessitated by the frontage of the "Crescent Site" near the Apollo Bunder and hampered by the hard and fast conditions imposed by the Improvement Trust, Government and the Municipality would, we cannot but submit, require and outlay of from twelve to fifteen lacs of rupees. The lease-hold tenure of the "Crescent Site" with an annual rent of about Rupees 15,000 (Fifteen thousand) involves another heavy liability of the capitalized value of about rupees four lacs. Apart from this question of annual heavy liability, we cannot sufficiently protest against the taking up of a leasehold site in lieu of and by abandoning the present free-hold site. Free-hold sites are always preferred to leasehold sites, and we believe that all the mofussil branch Offices of the bank have their buildings on free-hold sites.

We beg also to submit that it is not competent for the Board of Directors to embark on this abnormally heavy outlay of from one sixth to one-fifth the capital of the Bank, the reserve fund having always to be kept intact withdrawing it from the legitimate business of the Bank and permanently locking it up in unprofitable brick and mortar. For the last several years, the successful management of the business of the Bank has brought in a profit of from eighteen to twenty lacs of Rupees net every year after paying very heavy expenses. Out of this from ten to twelve per cents have been paid in dividends; and the remaining eight per cents are carried forward to the Reserve Fund, Pension Fund, and Bonus, &c. With the locking up of about fifteen lacs in the intended new buildings on the Crescent Site, the floating capital would proportionately be diminished and thus the profits must suffer from two to three lacs every year, a step which would be subversive of the best interests of the Bank as diminishing profits on the one hand, and on the other, crippling financial accommodation to the public to the tune of fifteen lacs, the granting of such accommodation being one of the principal objects of the Bank.

We beg lastly to submit that under the above circumstances, the Board of Directors would see the propriety and advisability of acting neither high handedly nor incurring responsibility in a matter fraught with momentous issues as prejudicing the best interests of the Bank. We also believe that the Board of Directors have not the power of expenditure of their own motion and without obtaining sanction of the shareholders at a Special Meeting to be held for the purpose, to incur a cost so abnormal as amounting to about one fifth the capital of the Bank, thereby diminishing the profits as stated above and also involving the shareholders in an annual liability for a lease-hold tenure of the capitalized value of about four lacs of Rup

Special Meeting of the shareholders to consider and decide on this and other important questions, and to take such steps as we may be advised.

We beg to remain, Gentlemen, Your most obedient servants :—(Sd.) N. M. Wadia, D. D. Davar, Gokaldas K. Parekh, Peroshaw Bomanjee Jeejeebhoy, Bhagwandas Narotamdas, N. J. Gamadia, Narandas Purshotamdas, Vussonjee Munjee, Dossabhoy Dadabhai Allbless, Hurkisandas Ramjee Madhowjee, Vijbhucandas Atmaram, Chaturbhuj Morarjee, Morarjee Vussonjee, Hurgovandas Jamnadas Ramji, Hormusjee Eduljee Framjee, Bazanjee Hormusjee Allbless, Hormusjee Bomonjee Jeejeebhoy, Maneckbhai Peroshaw B. Jeejeebhoy, Manasukharama Suryarama Tripathi, Merwanjee Muncherjee Cama, Framjee Bomonjee Jeejeebhoy, Manjee Currimbhoy, Furdoonjee Bomanjee Jeejeebhoy, Perozshaw Manockjee Kake, Jagmohandas Varjeevandas, Jamnadas Narsi, Shapoorjee Jewajee, Hirjibhoy Dadabhai Allbless, Mansukhlal M. Munshi, Chardanbai Hormasji, Jerbai N. Wadia, M. M. Bhawnagree (by his constituted attorney), and others.

WOUNDING WITH A SWORD.

MR. PERCIVAL, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, in August last, convicted Andar Bapu of voluntarily causing grievous hurt by a dangerous weapon, and sentenced him to three years' rigorous imprisonment. An appeal by the accused was heard at the High Court, on Monday, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston.

In this case the accused, a Garasia of Sadra, was charged with causing grievous hurt with a dangerous weapon, and attempting to commit murder or culpable homicide, and three other persons were charged with abetting the offence. The facts deposed to by the prosecution were that the complainant Dhori, Bhulabhai, and others were in a cart returning to their village on the evening of a holiday, when they were attacked by the accused, the appellant, No. 1, having in his hand a sword, and the others having sticks. The appellant struck a blow with his sword which he aimed at Bhulabhai, but which hit Dhori on the hand, causing him grievous hurt. He aimed another blow, which, however, did not strike any one. The other accused were said to have joined in crying "beat, beat," and telling them to stop the cart, and they were also said to have raised their sticks and followed the cart. The assessors and the Sessions Judge considered that the story about the latter three accused was greatly exaggerated as the case proceeded, and that there was not sufficient evidence to hold them guilty of an offence. They did no actual deed of injury towards the complainant's party, nor did their presence there affect matters at all. It was doubtful how far they came with the deliberate intention of attacking the party, and how much through the excitement of the holiday. Besides, said the Sessions Judge, the motive was not clear, and therefore, the latter three accused were acquitted and discharged. As regarded accused No. 1, the appellant, there was the undoubted fact that the complainant was severely injured in the hand. There was clear evidence that he was the person who struck the blow. There could hardly be any doubt about the person who actually used the sword. The charge against him was made as soon as the party returned to their village, and intimation was at once sent to the police. There was only one matter of some doubt, said the Sessions Judge, and that was the reason for the attack. Mr. Percival thought that the prosecution witnesses were not telling the whole truth about the motive. This did not materially affect the gravity of the offence. Agreeing with both assessors, the Sessions Judge found the appellant guilty of voluntarily causing grievous hurt, and not guilty of the other offences, and sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for three years. The other three accused were discharged.

Their lordships, on a consideration of all the evidence, dismissed the appeal.

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING AND MANUFACTURING CO.

THE directors of this Company in their Report for the year ended 30th June last state :—The several mills, as well as the ginning factories have been working quite satisfactorily and have given good results As superior quality of cotton suitable for our requirements was found to be very scarce in the Khamgam district the directors have thought it advisable to remove our ginning factory from Khamgam to Warora, a town in the Hinganghat district. The small plant for manufacturing sewing thread is working well, but the directors think it advisable to obtain further experience in the line before deciding to extend it. This year owing to fires in our ginning factories a loss of the total sum of Rs. 22,518 is sustained, this amount is debited to the mill insurance fund account. From the profits, a sum of Rs. 10,000 is credited to the provident fund account. A sum of Rs. 48,594-12-0 is carried to the credit of mill insurance fund account, being rateable premium on the value of all uninsured property of the Company. The sum calculated for this year's depreciation and renewal of buildings and machinery amounts to Rs. 2-80,772-0-0. From this amount a sum of Rs. 42,898-7-0, being value of old machinery pulled out, and another of Rs. 81,131-10-11 being expenditure for repairs to buildings and machinery making a total of Rs. 1,24,030-1-11 have been deducted, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,56,741-14-1, which is carried to the credit of the depreciation and renewal fund account. After deducting these and other sums the net profit for the year comes to Rs. 10,79,527-2-9, which together with the sum of Rs. 82,894-1-6 brought forward from last year's account, makes up the sum of Rs. 11,162,421-4-3. Out of this, Rs. 4,68,750 having been paid last May as an ad-interim devidend at the of Rs. 50 per share of Rs. 500 each, and of Rs. 25 per share of Rs 250 each a disposable balance is now left of Rs. 693,671-4-3. From this, the directors recommend that Rs. 6,56,250 be appropriated to the payment of a final dividend at the rate of Rs. 70 per share on 3,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, and at Rs. 35 per share on 12,750 shares of Rs. 250 each and that the balance of Rs. 37,421-4-3 be carried to next year's account. Mr. Pirozsha Dorabjee Saklatwala, a director of the Company having resigned, the directors have appointed Mr. Framjee Eduljee Dawar in his place. His appointment you will be asked to confirm. Messrs. Ruttonjee Jamsetjee Tata and Hormusjee Eduljee Banjee, two of the present directors, according to Article 82 of your deed, retire by rotation. They are, however, eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly. The shareholders will be requested to elect Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

STRIKING FOR LOWER WAGES.

The strike at a boiler shop in Jersey City against the payment to some of the men employed, of more than the union scale of wages says the "New York Times," may strike the average reader as an extremely humorous incident, but when analyzed it will be recognized as entirely consistent with the trades union policy. In the shop in which this strike occurred the minimum wage paid was that fixed by the union, 3 dols. 3 per day. A number of men were employed whose work was so much better than the average and who could be so fully relied upon that the concern paid them 3 dols. 3-75 per day. Representatives of the International Machinists' Union, learning of this discrimination notified the management that it must establish a uniform rate of 3 dols. 3 per day and no more and that if it did not do so a strike would be ordered. Compliance having been refused, the strike was declared and the 3 dols. 3-75 men went out with the others, thus making the most formal and emphatic protest of which they were capable against the advantage they had received under the arrangement described. The places of the strikers were filled with non-union men and now the management has been compelled to call upon the police authorities of Jersey City to protect their men against violence.

THE AUSTRALIAN NAVY.

ADMIRAL FANSHAWE'S SCHEME.

TRANSFORMATION OF THE AUSTRALIAN SQUADRON.

The scheme arranged by Admiral Fanshawe for carrying out the provisions of the Australian Naval Agreement Bill passed by the Federal Parliament is now in the hands of the Imperial authorities. It will be necessary to wait until New Zealand has passed a similar measure before the details of the Admiral's scheme can be published. Admiral Fanshawe will then cable home to the Admiralty requesting an intimation that his scheme has been approved. Should he receive a reply in the affirmative, he will immediately put the scheme into operation. In the Commonwealth waters the first step will be to transform most of the war ships—at least over six of those now in Australasian waters—into training ships. The places of these vessels will be taken by several large vessels, which the Admiralty will send out. As soon as the present war ships have been allotted to the respective States and the appointments have been made, the process of enrolling young men who wish to join the naval forces will be proceeded with.

THE POONA POLO TOURNAMENT.

4TH HUSSARS vs. GAEKWAR'S TEAM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 22.

THE Poona Polo Tournament commenced to-day. Only four teams entered. The first game was between the 4th Hussars and the Gaekwar's palace team. The former were much too powerful for their opponents and won the game easily. The second game was between the 3rd Bombay Cavalry and the "Remnants", a scratch team made up locally. This match was watched with interest. Both teams were equally balanced, and the game ended in a win for the Cavalry.

On Thursday the finals will be played between the 4th Hussars and 3rd Bombay Cavalry, a contest which promises to be a tight one.

In the match between the 4th Hussars and Baroda, the former team consisted of Mr. Neilson, Colonel Kincaid-Smith, Mr. Bell, and Major Hoare; the latter consisted of B. V. Gaekwar, Prince Fatehsinr, Sirdar Taj Mahomed, and Janardan Sadashiv. Umpires: Captains Hewlett and Mathew-Lannowe.

First Chukker.—On throwing the ball, Colonel Kincaid-Smith scored a subsidiary and Mr. Bell added a goal. The Baroda team tried hard but without success. Mr. Bell added a second goal, and another subsidiary was added by Major Hoare, who also scored the third goal. The fourth goal was made by Mr. Bell. Scores: Hussars, 4 goals, 2 subsidiaries. Baroda, nil. Time—7 mins. 14 secs.

The Second Chukker opened with another succession of goals. Colonel Kincaid-Smith at the commencement passed to Mr. Bell, who added another and one more afterwards. Fatehsing carried the play to the opposite goal and passed on to Janardan, who scored the first goal for Baroda. Score: Hussars, 6 goals, 2 subsidiaries. Baroda, 1 goal. Time—5mins. 4 secs.

The 3rd Chukker opened with good polo play by Fatehsingh, who went well into the Hussars' quarters, but was deprived by Neilson of a goal and scored a subsidiary. A goal followed by Mr. Bell after a scrimmage in front of goal, though Fatehsing made an ineffectual attempt to save. Score: Hussars, 10 goals, 3 subs. Baroda, 1 goal, to 1 sub.

In the 4th Chukker two more goals were added by the Hussars, and one by Baroda. Score: Hussars, 12 goals, 3 subs. Baroda 2 goals, 1 sub. Time—5 mins.

Fifth Chukker.—The Baroda team made a grand attempt, but to no purpose and nothing was scored. Time—7mins. 25 secs.

Sixth Chukker.—After some desultory play, Mr. Bell got a subsidiary. Janardin brought the play back to the Hussars' half and Fatehsing by continuous pressing managed to send a long-shot subsidiary. The Hussars retaliated by scoring a goal. Scores: Hussars, 13 goals, 4 subs; Baroda, 2 goals, 2 subs. Time—5mins 17 secs.

Seventh Chukker.—Only five minutes were left but 3 more goals were scored by the Hussars who won the match by 16 goals, 4 subs, to Baroda's 2 goals, 2 subs.

3RD BOMBAY CAVALRY vs. THE REMNANTS.

In the second match, 3rd Bombay Cavalry versus the Remnants, the former team was composed of Mr. Dening, Captains Wogan-Browne and Alexander, and Duffedar Alyar. The latter team consisted of Mr. Grenfell, 60th Rifles, Mr. Barrett, 15th Infantry, Major Geddes, R. F. A., and Captain Davie, Royal Scots. Umpires: Captains Hewlett and Mathew-Lannowe.

In the first Chukker the Remnants were soon on the move. Wagor-Browne, however, drove back the ball after some hard play and the cavalry managed to score their first goal. Time,—9 mins. 42 secs.

Second Chukker.—The cavalry started the new period by attacking; but went wide. The play was fast and the combination of both teams was good, nothing being scored. Time—5 mins. 37secs.

Third Chukker.—Sharp attacks were made by the cavalry, who pressed their opponents much, and added one goal and 1 sub. to their score whilst the Remnants still were nil. Time—5mins. 43 secs.

Fourth Chukker.—Wogan-Browne added one subsidiary.

The fifth Chukker opened with exceedingly pretty play by the cavalry. The Remnants were well in their territory when Wogan-Browne relieved the pressure. They began a counter-attack and the Remnants were able to score two goals. Time—5 mins 50 secs.

Sixth Chukker.—Major Geddes made a capital run, and Grenfell came along and scored the third goal. The game became very exciting, the Remnants playing well. Score: Cavalry, 3 goals, 3 subs. Remnants, 3 goals. Time—5 mins. 5 secs.

Seventh Chukker.—2 mins. 44 seconds were left for the final results. The cavalry eventually made another goal and won the match by 4 goals, 3 subs, to 3 goals.

THE PAREL GAMBLING CASE.

At the Mazagon Police Court, Bombay, yesterday before Mr J. W. S. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Hamilton charged Abdul Haji Mitha with keeping a common gaming-house at Elphinstone Road, and thirty-seven other Mahomedans and seventeen Hindoos with gaming therein with cards and money. Mr. T. J. Strangman was instructed by the Public Prosecutor in the case. The first and forty-eight other accused were defended by Mr Velinker pleader; one was defended by Mr Altavale, pleader; two by Mr. Bajpai, pleader while three were not represented. The prosecution against the first accused, and against accused Nos. 31 and 32 respectively named Chunilal Jamnadas and Gabiu Nanabhoy, who is also known as Tribhowandas Vijtbokandas Shroff a clerk, was withdrawn by the Crown counsel. Forty three of the accused pleaded guilty to the charge of gaming, while nine pleaded not guilty, and said they were in the premises either as cooks or musicians hamal or pansopari seller. The Crown counsel said he had no reason to disbelieve the statement of seven of them and the Magistrate thereupon ordered them to be discharged. One was acquitted on the evidence of a witness for the Crown who said the man had gone with him there to hear the singing only. Evidence was recorded against Biswa Shesha a Gowli who said he had been there to sell milk and not for the purpose of gaming and further hearing of the case was adjourned as Mr. Velinker who defended him proposed to call several witnesses for the defence. As regarded that forty-three who had pleaded guilty counsel for the Crown submitted that a sentence of at least three weeks' rigorous imprisonment should be passed on them, for if they were fined it was not likely to have any deterrent effect on gamblers for high stakes as they were, Mr. Velinker urged the Magistrate not to be led away by what had been urged by the prosecuting counsel with regard to punishment, and entreated the Court to treat the case as an ordinary case of gambling. Counsel for the Crown submitted that accused No. 13 Aga Jan Mahomed had only been recently out of jail after undergoing a term of imprisonment with hard labour there while eleven others had been previously convicted of gambling. Mr. Velinker asked for the proper proofs of the previous convictions. Counsel replied the accused themselves might be questioned on the score. Mr. Velinker: Under what Section? I strongly object to accused's being questioned about their previous convictions. Superintendent Hamilton said the Magistrate who had convicted them would have to be called in evidence and he was not in Court. Mr. Velinker read to the Superintendent Section 511 of the Council Procedure Code, which treated of the manner in which certified record of previous convictions should be obtained, and produced as evidence in Court. In the absence of the production of extracts of each certified record Mr. Velinker said, previous convictions could not be taken into considerations by the Court, the Magistrate then inquired of the accused their various vocations to life. These were given as a glazier clerk compounder, broker, shop-keeper, rent collector, banker, mill-hand, butcher, bazar-supplier, baker, flower-seller, weaver, beedee seller, embroiderer, ship-chandler and so forth. No. 13 was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment. The remaining forty-two were grouped by the Magistrate in three classes according to their means and business. Eleven of them were fined Rs. 100 or in default ordered to undergo one months' rigorous imprisonment; fourteen were fined Rs. 50, or, in default, 15 days; and seventeen were fined Rs. 30, or, in default, sentenced to ten days rigorous imprisonment.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

THE MOODY-MANNERS COMPANY.

PROMENADE CONCERTS.

TWO NEW PLAYS.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 4.

THE sudden success of "I Pagliacci"—and we cannot see any reason why the original name of the opera should, in these days, be abbreviated and turned into absolute nonsense as it was on Wednesday night upon the issued programme of the Moody-Manners company was a most natural affair. We remember that night very clearly. It was Leoncavallo first and the rest nowhere. Time has altered the original the first emotion on the subject; but the work still has a living quality; its sentiment of tragedy lives within it, and for that reason in the hands of a really fine Company it looks for a minor triumph. We speak a little hopelessly perhaps, but the minor triumph means often the better accomplishment on the part of the interpreters. "I Pagliacci," then was last night mounted to perfection at Covent Garden. We think that we are right in stating that during the second scene exactly thirty one Chinese lanterns were swung across the stage. Here was realism indeed! Mr. Joseph O'Mara was a wonderfully fine Canio. He was intensely significant without any exaggeration or any exuberant effusiveness. He allowed the tragedy to culminate not by the way of forcing but by the way of necessary development. To one of his peculiarly ardent temperament such a self possession seemed wholly admirable. Miss Ada Davies as Nedda was anxious and emotional, but she had not the vocal quality—or at all events she did not prove such a possession—to carry the part through convincingly. The minor parts were well filled by Mr. William Dever, Mr. Wilson Pembroke, and Mr. Dillon Shellard. They all proved themselves to be quite capable artists. It is the general practice now to follow "I Pagliacci" by a performance of Cavalleria Rusticana and last night's interpretations of the latter piece which took a natural succession was distinguished by the very beautiful singing of Mme. Fanny Moody. Her voice was at its sweetest last night. It was both pure, tender and sweet. Mr. Francis Maclennan Turiddu was an earnest piece of work and very well sung and the chorus in both works did both their singing and acting business admirably. Herr Richard Eckhold conducted both operas with infinite energy, and with rational insight.

On Thursday night Mr. Cuthbert Whitmore took the solo part in the first performance in London at the Queen's Hall of Mr. Harry Farjeon's Concerto in D for pianoforte and orchestra. He played with care and feeling. The work itself may be said to belong to that class which is entirely praiseworthy, but which is also entirely unnecessary. It has the quality of musicianship without the distinction of thought. Abundance of industry marks its course; and in listening to the work one feels at every moment convinced that here is talent of no mean order. But the net result clearly demonstrates a lack of beauty. When will young musicians learn that beauty is the final goal of their art. To experiment in technique is excellent practice; but this is only a means to an end. Mr. Harry Farjeon's Concerto shows him still in the experimental stage. The fact that the composer himself supplied details to the writer of the analytical programme makes us more convinced than would otherwise be possible that he is a trifle too serious at present about matters that are quite trifling. Still he has the knack of the orchestra in his blood and that goes for much. But he should beware of his excellent gift. Too often a composer with the backing of an orchestral instinct is content with commonplace thought. A magnificent performance of Strauss's magnificent Till Eulenspiegal was the feature of the evening. Mr. Farjeon might with advantage study here how Strauss discovers the beauty of ugliness through most legitimately discordant means. Miss Eva Rich and Mr. William Lavin were included as vocalists in the evening's Programme.

With "Billy's Little Love Affair" at the Criterion Mr. Esmond has descended from the "hilltops" and has presented the British public with a pleasant trifle which, if we may judge by its unanimously cordial welcome last night, will be very much to the British public's taste. The play has already been produced successfully in America under the name of "Imprudence," and the author is to be congratulated on the change of title, not only because "Imprudence" is suggestive of hilltops and serious writing, but also because Billy's conduct—and it was to Billy's conduct, no doubt, that the original title referred—is not now imprudent at all, however reckless it may have been in America. Indeed, Billy is the most engaging and correct of young damsels, and nobody who has seen her will be surprised or horrified, as some of her acquaintances pretended to be, on hearing that she had been engaged four times. And most certainly they will not consider the fact as evidence of imprudence. It was unfortunate for her no doubt that she happened to be living in the house of a man she had been engaged to, and that this man, who had been a loose character in his time, was married to a jealous woman who found her early love letters in a drawer, and still more unfortunate that the husband's former mistress should also be living in the same house, and that through her machinations suspicion of being that mistress should fall upon Billy; but nothing that Billy could have done would have prevented all this, which was very likely to have happened to any heroine in a play. She was lucky in one thing, however, her latest lover always believed in her, and was finally the means of unmasking the adventuress and of making everybody happy all round.

From this outline of the plot it will be seen that the material of Mr. Esmond's story is not new, or of any striking promise, and it is little short of amazing that he should have woven out of it a really effective play. This, however, he has done through the skill with which he has built up scene after scene of striking theatrical effect, each one leading naturally from the one before; through the cleverly contrasted characters which he has introduced, characters which, if not drawn with great freshness or originality, are at any rate never dull, and through the witty remarks with which the whole piece is filled. He has also been most fortunate in his interpreters. Seldom, indeed, has a play been acted with such excellence by almost everybody concerned. Miss Florence St. John as Mrs. Jim Greaves, the jealous wife, seemed made for the part, the only thing that jarred being her constant allusions to herself as an old woman, when she certainly didn't look over thirty. Mr. Allan Aynesworth's quietly humorous style of acting and perfect manners are always effective, but as Jack Fenn he had an opportunity usually denied to him, of showing his powers as an emotional actor and he acquitted himself with excellent effect. Sir Harry Hermon a middlesged bachelor with no deep respect for society women interpreted with great intelligence and humour by Mr. Charles Groves was one of the cleverest character sketches in the piece and another amusing part was that of the Hon. Mrs. Herring as played by Miss Carlotta Zerbini. Miss Eva Moore played Billy, and a more charming and dainty heroine could hardly be imagined. The quiet sweetness of her manner was accentuated by the fact that her women associates were a somewhat uneasy lot, who appeared to believe the grossest libels about one another on the slenderest evidence. The verdict at the close of the performance was unanimously favourable, and Mr. Esmond responded to a call for the author.

Mr. Willard's reappearance on the London stage has naturally been looked forward to with the keenest interest by all lovers of dramatic art, as many characters which, dramatically speaking are almost historic and yet seem of yesterday owe much of their quality to his masterly interpretations. The Professor in "The Professor's Love Story" occurs immediately to the mind, partly, no doubt because it was the last of the series of great parts created by him before his life's England, but chiefly because it showed that character and charm could interest an audience without the help of a strong dramatic story if only they made adequate interpretation. Mr. Barrie has shown us this since through other interpreters, but Mr. Willard was the first and most signally successful interpreter of them all. "The Cardinal," with which Mr. Willard opened his season on Tuesday night at the St. James' has never been seen in London before but it comes from America with a reputation already made. It is a play that depends for success almost entirely on its plot and on the briskness of its action. No lights and shades of character are allowed to appear in the same person each is black or white with the blackness or whiteness of undiluted melodrama. When the Cardinal first appears we are not sure what kind of play is in store for us, but we are in no doubt from the moment that Andrea Strozzi, the villian, enters. He loves Filiberto, the Cardinal's brother's sweetheart and intends to marry her. Upon a friend of his expressing apprehension as to the consent of her father, a wealthy merchant Strozzi angrily asks if he knows what happened to the man at Florence who once said "No" to him before and receiving no reply denotes by a fierce gesture, with his hands on his sword-hilt that it was the last word he ever uttered. We are thus prepared for the murder of Filiberto's father by Strozzi, which occurs a few minutes later in the same act.

In the next act the root idea of the story becomes plain. Strozzi, who is on the eve of departure for the wars, confesses to the Cardinal, and suspicion by the usual devices falls upon the hero, who is on the point of being executed when Strozzi returns, a successful general and the idol of the hour. The Cardinal's mouth is closed, and, in spite of entreaty, Strozzi will not disclose his crime except on condition that Filiberto shall be his. At last, by the expedient of feigning madness, the Cardinal gets Strozzi to confess before witnesses, and he is carried off to prison, while the hero and heroine are happily united. The sanctity of the confessional has often been dealt with before, and the attitude a priest should adopt under conditions similar to those in The Cardinal has been the subject of much controversy; but the conduct of Cardinal Giovanni de Medici would hardly commend its 1'. we venture to think, to many Catholics. From his point of view it may have been right for Cardinal Giovanni to say nothing, but in that case it was extraordinary indeed that he should have considered himself justified in using his sacred knowledge to cheat Strozzi into an open confession. There seems little difference between this and an open betrayal of the secret. This part of the Cardinal does not give sufficient scope for the display of Mr. Willards's exceptional talent, although in the one or two really dramatic scenes in which he has a part the old force and the unaffected expression of deep feeling were strongly felt by the audience, all the more so perhaps by the comparative tameness of much that he had to do. One felt there was a want of richness and vitality about the character in its quieter moods which could not be supplied by an actor, however capable. His performance, however, was enthusiastically received, and he was repeatedly called at the close of each act. Miss Nina Lindsey was exceptionally good as Filiberto. Her acting of a part that was mournful throughout was affecting and natural. Mr. Herbert Waring was truculent and villainous as Strozzi, and in a part of the kind no higher praise could be given to him. Mr. Charles Fulton was also excellent as Guido Baglioni. The play was an undoubted success and in response to many calls Mr. Willard thanked the audience for their favourable verdict.

AN OLD MAN MURDERING HIS WIFE AND SON.

MR. P. E. PARCIVAL, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, in August last, convicted Mathur Haribhai of murder and sentenced him to transportation for life. An appeal by the accused was heard at the High Court on Monday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston.

Mr. Percival, in his finding in the case, said the accused, patedar of Nadiad, pleaded guilty and he was clearly guilty of murder. He said that he was grievously involved in debt, and his condition seemed to have been preying upon his mind. He could not be said to be insane, but at the same time, said the Sessions Judge, he was an old man of 60, and must be considered to be out of a thoroughly sane and sound mind, or else he would not have attacked his wife and his child with his hatchet in the way he did for such an apparently inconguous reason. He voluntarily gave himself up to the police, and had stated the facts of the case throughout. If he had killed himself, said the Sessions Judge, the verdict would naturally have been "Suicide while temporarily insane owing to pecuniary troubles." As instead, he had killed his wife and child, he must, of course, suffer the penalty for it; but under the extenuating circumstances, the ends of justice did not require the extreme penalty of the law. Accused was therefore sentenced to transportation for life for causing the death of his wife, Rajba, and his son Paswa.

The accused, in his appeal to the High Court, said: I happened to murder my wife and son, but as I was heavily involved in debt, and as my creditors all at once dunned me for payment, and as I had not even a pie to pay them, I had been suffering from a deranged state of mind and had been in a state of insanity a month before this occurrence. At the time of this occurrence, I was not at all in my senses. My age is 63 years.

Their lordships, on a consideration of all the circumstances, dismissed the appeal summarily.

CHEATING A TRADESMAN.

MR. J. SANDERS-SLATER, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, disposed of the case in which Inspector O'Keeffe charged Abubaker Salemahomed and Mahomed Janmamohad, Mahomedans, with cheating Hafizuddin, a tradesman from Benares, in respect of Rs. 2,500.—Mr. Dunlop, of Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Company, solicitors, appeared for the second accused. It appeared that the complainant came to Bombay on the 22nd August to make some purchases. In Bombay he happened to form acquaintance with the second accused, with whom he arranged to purchase for him quantity of cocaine of the value of about Rs. 2,500. The amount of Rs. 2,500 was paid to the second accused by instalments and the latter promised to send the goods to Benaras on the complainant's address. On the 27th August the complainant left for Benaras asking the second accused to send the goods after him. The same night the accused had an altercation with each other upon which the second accused went to Inspector O'Keeffe and made certain statements to him. Mr. O'Keeffe at once proceeded to institute inquiries into the matter and sent telegrams up-country in order to intercept the complainant on his way to Benaras and also to procure the return of parcels sent to his address in Shahganj by the accused that day from the Grant Road Railway Station. The complainant was intercepted at Jabalpore and returned to Bombay at once. The parcels also were brought back to Bombay, and when opened in Court were found to contain a quantity of empty bottles and eleven dozen bottles of Antifebrile.

In the absence of sufficient evidence against the first accused to sustain a charge his Worship discharged him at an earlier stage of the proceedings.

The second accused admitted having received a sum from of Rs. 2,000 from the complainant. He said he received the sum from the complainant to buy goods, but what goods he did not know. He further stated that he had received no sum of money from the complainant beyond Rs. 2,000.

The Magistrate in disposing of the case remarked it was due to prompt action of Inspector O'Keeffe in the matter that the sum of Rs. 2,000 was recovered from the person with whom it was kept by the second accused for safe custody. His Worship held the charge proved against him, and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

PROSECUTION OF NATIVE-EDITORS.

A CASE of unusual interest to the Native Press throughout India is now pending, in which the Editors of three different vernacular newspapers at Amritsar are charged with criminal defamation. Some little time ago a gambling den in Amritsar Bazaar was raided by the police, and a gang of gamblers arrested. During the trial the gamblers retaliated against the prosecution by alleging that Safdar Jang, the City Kotwal had hitherto been in regular receipt of Rs. 300 a month to leave all gamblers and gambling alone. The Magistrate in sentencing the gamblers remarked that he did not believe a word of the charge fired off by the prisoners against the Police Inspector. The three vernacular newspapers in question, it is now alleged, were careful to report all the slander uttered by the gamblers against Safaar Jang, but were equally careful not to report the Magistrate's remarks thereon. The Editors are further charged with indulging in violent editorial outbursts against the Kotwal, all based upon the assumption that the story which the Magistrate discredited is actually true, and that the Kotwal has been guilty of a long and systematic course of bribery and corruption. The prosecution of the Editors has been taken up by the Punjab Government.

SIR G. BIRDWOOD AND MR. GUPTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In enclosing a copy of Sir George Birdwood's letter for publication, I confess and admit the good sense of his advice; I confess also that at times, in spite of his repeated advice my sharp temper asserts itself and venomous expressions do escape me, but he is so sincere a friend of India that the flick of whip may be compared to the well known adage "Chhadi lage cham cham vidya yei gham gham," i.e., the rapid acquirement of knowledge is in proportion to the flicks of the cane of your teacher. I, therefore, gratefully bow unto my venerable Guru for his kindly advice. But stay, his crest attracts my attention. Why, it is a lotus pre-eminently the emblem of India, and it is topped over by a swallow, the "pakoli" welcome to every Hindu wife as the precursor of approaching motherhood, the goal of her ambition. The phrase is "pakoli chale and palna hale,"—where a swallow moves a cradle swings. Look at the motto some thing like "Sva Sva" which means "ours, ours" as in Sva-Rajya—our Empire, "Sva Dharma"—our Religion, "Sva Desh,"—our country, etc. To crown all these symbols I find four B's so arranged as to form that lotus which just attracted my attention. One of course indicates Birdwood, and one perhaps show his birth place, Belgaum.

I cannot account for the other two, unless I claim one for Bombay, the place of his early labours, the place in which he has left eternal monuments of his loyalty in the Victoria Gardens, the Victoria and Albert Museum, the Victoria Clock Tower, the Victoria Triumphal Arch, the Victoria Statue, the Frere Fountains and a host of others of which every Bombayite is so proud, as they form the brightest gems on the crown of that "Urbs Prima in Indis." But for the fourth B. I must go to him for explanation, unless we all Hindus agree in accepting him as a real Brahman. If the definition of the word Brahman as given in our Sanskrit texts, that is "Bramha Janati Brahmnah" be accepted he certainly is one, and he has established his claim to that title by his birth in India and his instinctive knowledge of the sacred lore of this country. The whole group of four B's, forming an Indian lotus would then mean, Sir George Birdwood of Belgaum (or Bombay) the Brahman of Brahmans. When Calcutta has been bestowing the title of "Pidya Binodi" (Mis-spelt from "Vidya Vinodi") on country laymen of the Dravidian type with no pretence to more than average knowledge of the sacred lore, a reputed savant and a strong champion of the whole of India like Sir George certainly deserves to be honoured as the Brahman of Brahmans, as his strong advocacy of the Hindu institutions shows in the following letter. I do not half deserve the praise he has bestowed on me, but I must thank him for the credit he has given to Mrs. Gupte. To confess the truth, our Hindu ladies are the real store-house of genuine folk-lore and we self-styled "educated" men have always to seek their help in writing such articles as I have done. The only difference is, that I frankly admitted her help, while other husbands palm off such contributions as their own. I have only a week ago been told by a Sad-Gop of Bengal that his article on the actual marriage ceremonies of his caste written for the Ethnographic Survey, was but a literal translation of what his wife dictated to him. Why then not give her the credit due to her, was my contention in revising that article? That would add to its value as a genuine contribution without the gloss given subsequently by Sanakrit Puran-writers in their poetical compositions.—Yours, &c.

B. A. GUPTE.

CHARGES OF PERJURY AND EXTORTION.

AT the Esplande Police Court yesterday afternoon, before Mr. Karsondas Chabilda, Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Alfred William Torkington appeared on warrant to answer the charges of making a false complaint, perjury, cheating and extortion, preferred against him by Mr. Hormasji Manekji Mehta doing business in Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.—Mr. Dinshaw D. Davar, barrister-at-law instructed by Mr. Colah, of Messrs. Pestonji Rustamji and Colah, solicitors, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Rustamji P. Bharucha of Messrs. Jamsetji and Rustamji solicitors, appeared for the defence. Mr. Yorke-Smith of Messrs. Little and Company, solicitors watched the proceedings on behalf of Messrs. George Angus and Company of London.

At the outset Mr. Henry Gannon, who had stood surety for the accused for a sum of Rs. 2,000, applied for the cancellation of his bail. He said he had to make the application on account of certain business considerations.

Mr. Bharucha said that his client was informed of that intention of Mr. Gannon, only that morning, and that his client had not been able to find out another surety within two hours' time that was at his disposal. He requested Mr. Gannon to be good enough to wait for a day, after which he might get his bail cancelled.

Mr. Gannon consented to wait for a day on the accused undertaking to procure another surety in the meanwhile.

Mr. Bharucha then applied for a postponement of the case on the ground that the day that the case had been put in his hands only the day previous and that he had had to take inspection of numerous documents which were with Messrs. Little and Company and Messrs. Framji and Dinshaw. He had as yet to instruct a counsel.

Mr. Davar in objecting to the application said the grounds on which Mr. Bharucha had applied for a postponement were either incorrect or futile. As to the documents with Messrs. Little and Company, every one of them had been inspected by the accused's solicitor.

The Magistrate remarked that he would grant this indulgence to the accused that he would examine the complainant only and then adjourn the case.

Mr. Davar in opening the case for the prosecution, read the paragraphs from the information filed by Mr. Torkington against Mr. Mehta and said statements made therein were entirely false and in doing that the accused had perjured himself. His client was given to understand by Mr Torkington and others that he (Mr. Torkington) was a favoured friend of high officials and the Magistrate who was going to try the case had already sent a Bori to jail for 18 months and that he had arranged for Mr. Mehta for two years. That he had engaged leading counsels in Bombay and that he was a guest of a judge of the High Court, whose name Mr. Davar did not like to disclose at that stage. Such other similar consoling assurances were given to Mr. Mehta which made him ill, and in Mr. Torkington's language he "came in." Mr. Mehta paid Mr. Torkington Rs 4,500 for alleged damages suffered by Messrs. George Angus and Company, and his solicitors' bill which in a single day amounted to about Rs. 800. The extortion, Mr. Davar remarked, was of the grossest description. Not only money but an apology of the humblest description was obtained from his client and Mr. Torkington, to use his own words "left India with arms folded" for a winter trip to Cairo. Proceeding Mr. Davar said that was a most scandalous case of extortion against a tradesman in Bombay. Mr. Davar read extracts from reports Mr. Torkington had submitted to his employers in England, in which among other things it was stated that he had laid two legal traps for the wily Parsee (Mr. Mehta) and that three other Parsees, more wily than he, were endeavouring to carry them out. One had already succeeded. This would create a sensation in Bombay and would be a grand advertisement. He had further stated in the report that the disgrace would finally ruin Mr. Mehta's business, who had treated other Parsees badly. The complainant was then partly examined and the inquiry was adjourned.

THE NEED FOR SCHOOLS IN DAMAUN DIOCESE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your last Tuesday's issue contained a letter from "Dum Spiro Spero," who has so courageously pointed out the weaknesses of the Native Catholic Community and animadverted on the absence of public spirit in the community. It has been often suggested that the Bishop of Damaun should be approached and requested to open schools. But the men of "light and leading" fight shy of the undertaking, a thing to be deplored. It is, however, hoped that his Lordship, will, of his own accord, provide the long felt want, which the "patriots" have not yet pressed on his attention. It might be said that their patriotism, like their charity, it begins elsewhere and ends at home, or that it begins with themselves and ends with themselves—Yours, etc.,

PROPAGANDA.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

IF the two arbitrary factors, wind and weather, will give their consent, Captain Spelterini intends to make a second balloon voyage over the Alps this month accompanied by Professor Hein of Zurich, Dr. Mauser the meteorologist, and two or three other scientists. Spelterini has made more than 600 balloon voyages, but had only once ventured across the high Alps. This was on October 30 1898, when he started from Sion in Canton Valais, and after a passage of 5h. 42min. descended in the French village of Riviere, on the frontier of the Departments of Haute-Marne and Cote-d'Or. At his repetition of the bold experiment, which is supported by several eminent scientists, he will use a new photographic apparatus, constructed for the purpose of taking photographs of Alpine scenery from the height of 4,200 metres above the sea.

Captain Spelterini's new balloon, the Stella, now lies at Zermatt, where it is to be filled with 1,600,000 litres of gas. Signal and observation stations have been provided at Zermatt and on the Gorner-grat, under the direction of Dr. J. Mauser, the meteorologist. The voyagers will wait for a favourable wind to carry them, as they expect, over the giants of the Bern Oberland, the Jungfrau Monch, and Eigar, and thence across the Alps of Uri and Glarus to the valley of the Rhine where they hope to descend.

It is every man's and every woman's ambition to get on in the world. Competition in the present day is keener than ever it was. Perhaps the advice given fifty years ago in Blackwood's Magazine may have been the fo

WRITERS AND READERS.

Mr. H. G. Wells's new book, Mankind in the making, will be published by Messrs. Chapman about the middle of the month. It has been written in relation to his previous work, Anticipations, which attracted so much notice. Together with it, and the pamphlet on the Discovery of the future, it presents a general theory of social development and of social and political conduct.

Captain St. Leger is, like Mr. Mortimer Menpes, to give us his impressions of the war in a book of coloured sketches. Mr. Menpes's regret was that non-combatants witnessed so little of the fighting, but Captain St. Leger was an actual combatant, and this book will be his testimony. Every scene he depicts or describes, he saw or participated in, the keynote of his book alike in text and illustration—being actuality, Messrs. Black announce the volume.

We are promised by Messrs Chapman, a collection of all the poems of Lord de Tabley which, in the opinion of those whose judgment he most valued, he would have been glad to preserve. The poems are gathered from all his published works, and are arranged approximately in chronological order. Some of the pieces have never appeared before, and many had received his final emendations after they were first entrusted to print.

In ten days' time Mr Heinemann will publish the correspondence of the Emperor William I. and Prince Bismarck. The book covers the years from 1852 down to Christmas 1887, the last of the Emperor's letters being dated within three months of his death. It is by Bismarck's express desire that this correspondence is published, as showing better than anything else could the unique relationship existing between him and his august master. Indeed, Bismark himself selected the letters, and they were found, after his death carefully arranged in portfolios.

Mme. Duclaux, who is best known by her maiden name, Miss Mary F. Robinson, has written a book entitled The Fields of France. It is an essay on what our neighbours across the Channel call rural economy, and treat as a science. But in this case it is treated by an Englishwoman, rather as a lover of nature and an artist than as a practical agriculturist. Living in France, and living a great part of the year in the heart of the country, she sketches the people and the things which she sees. Messrs. Chapman are the publishers.

Mr. Justin McCarthy has been making some changes on the first volume of his history of the four Georges. These have been made necessary by the circumstance that in his recent history of Queen Anne he dealt anew with the merging of her reign into the Georgian period. Mr. McCarthy has made good progress with the larger task of bringing his sequence of histories down to the accession of King Edward. It is doubtful, however, if this volume will be ready for publication by Messrs. Chatto before next summer.

A wealth of anecdotal interest will be found to belong to the autobiography of Crimean Simpson, which Mr. Fisher Unwin is to publish on Monday. Simpson came into contact with most of the active makers of history in his time, and his book has some thing to say about them. He begins with Lord Raglan and Lord Cardigan, and goes on to Lord Clyde and Lord Canning, Laurence Olinhant, Mme. Blavatsky, the mysterious Count de Waldeck, and Young, the paraffin millionaire, are other celebrities. It was by a mere chance that Simpson escaped assassination with Davagnari at Kabul.

Mr. T. D. Atkinson is the author of a short history of English architecture which Messrs. Methuen are to publish. It is intended for the use of those who have no previous knowledge of the subject. It consists, first, of what may be called the grammer of architecture—that is, a description of the various styles from Saxon times to 1800; and, secondly, of an account of particular classes of buildings, such as churches, religious houses, and private houses. The book will have a large number of illustrations, bringing out the points which the author makes in his text.

Mr. Earl Hodgson is publishing with Messrs. Black a volume on trout fishing, wider in scope than most books of the sort. Besides being a general discourse on angling, it is an attempt to elucidate the obscure relations which wind, light, temperature, and other natural phenomena bear to trout fishing. This attempt is the result of close and constant observation, and it is thought that the conclusions, though in some cases surprising will be generally accepted. With the assistance of Mr. William Senior, a famous fisherman, Mr. Earl Hodgson has designed a model book of flies.

Next week Messrs. Chatto will publish the English translation of M. Paul Gaulot's book "Love and Lovers of the Past." He says in his preface that he was found the materials for it in the National Record Office of France. He adds:—If in some few places, I have considered it necessary to omit certain matters it has only been in order to remain prudent even when dealing with indiscretions. He has been careful to add nothing confining himself to fact only, or, as he puts it:—I have not introduced into the studies any romance other than that which the heroes and heroines in their adventures themselves furnished.

The Marquis of Ruvigny is editing a book which should appeal to Royal people and genealogists. It is entitled The Blood Royal of Britain, and it is a complete table of all the descendants of Edward IV. and Henry VII., Kings of England, of James III., King of Scotland, and of the subsequent Sovereigns of these realms. No fewer than thirty-six thousand lines of descent are given which fact will show the exhaustive character of the work. In the genealogical tables the descent is brought down to the generation previous to that now living. People still alive who are in the line of decent are mentioned in the body of the work. Messrs. Jack announce it.

Next week Messrs. Macmillan are to publish a novel by Miss Rosa Carey, entitled "A Passage Parlous." —"Jemima" is a story by Miss Ella MacMahon which Messrs. Chapman announce. She has written A New Note, Fortune's Yellow and other stories. —Another novel by Wymond Carey, the writer of Monsieur Martin, is announced by Messrs. Blackwood. It is called For the White Rose.—About the middle of this month Messrs. Methuen will publish a story by Mrs. C. N. Williamson. The title of it is The woman who Dared.—Through Sorrow's Gates is a novel by Mr. Halliwell Sutcliffe which Mr. Fisher Unwin will publish in the autumn. The scene of it is laid in Mr. Sutcliffe's favourite country, the moors of the West Riding of Yorkshire. In this story he goes nearer than ever to the simple moorland people.—Mr John Murray is spending part of his holiday in Aberdeenshire, with which he has family associations.—Sir Alfred Lyall is now busy on the biography of Lord Dufferin, but it need not be expected until the autumn.—Professor Mommsen' the veteran historian, will have an article in the first number of the Independent Review on the need for friendship between Germany and England.—A finely illustrated book on the Palaces, Prisons, and Resting Places of Mary Queen of Scots is to be issued by Messrs. Putnam. The writer of it is Mr. Michael Myers Shoemaker.—Stevenson's Virginibus Puerisque in its new form, as a volume of Chatto's St. Martin's Library will be ready almost at once.—At the beginninig of October the second volume will appear through Messrs. Blackwood of the work on Practical Nursing which Miss Isla Stewart and Dr. Herbert Cuff have written.

Mr. Low found Henley more generous, more sympathetic, at the close of his life than he had been before and this in spite of the famous Stevenson outbreak which alienated so many to whom the friendship of R. L. S. and W. E. H. had been a fragrant memory. With Stevenson's dedication and Henley's lines to Mr. Charles Baxter before one, this worst, though not the first assault by Henley on the memory of his dead friend was Mr. Low confesses hard to bear, Would Stevenson have pardoned it? he asks himself. Perhaps at any rate Stevenson would have understood, he thinks the turmoil of impatience and irritation which seethed in Henley's brain when the multitude the profane multitude of the half-taught and loosethinking praised his old friend for just those qualities which he regarded as his defects and turned him so he thought into a dry figures robed in the smug virtues of villadom. Stevenson might have made allowance for the angry egotism of the literary temperament and the scalding jealousy of the literary friendship.

In Forest Keeper Johnson the London City Corporation possess a servant whose linguistic abilities are exceptional. Being informed that an undesirable coloured tramp was roaming Epping Forest, Johnson ran down his man, plied him with questions in Arabic and then tried Hindustani, which evoked the reply that the stranger hailed from Bombay.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Russell presided at a sitting of the court yesterday.

RE SHIVJI RATTANSEY.

Mr. Mankar, for the insolvent, applied for a rule nisi calling upon the creditors to show cause why satisfaction should not be entered up in favour of the Official Assignee under section 37 of the Insolvency Act. His lordship granted the rule as applied for.

RE O. KERDA KAYA.

Mr. Jehangir D. Davar, for a creditor, moved for the adjudication of the insolvent under section 8 of the Insolvency Act. The learned counsel said that the insolvent had presented a petition in "forma pauperis," which was opposed by the creditor, and his lordship had ordered the insolvent to pay the costs of the petition.

His lordship: I don't see the object of adjudicating a pauper and insolvent?

Mr. Jehangir said the petition was opposed by his client, who maintained that the insolvent was not a pauper as alleged by him, and had concealed his property. That petition was dismissed and the insolvent was ordered to pay the costs of it.

His lordship, after reading the affidavit, thought that the petition should be amended and presented again, as it did not, in its present state, show whether the insolvent was a trader or not.

Mr. Jehangir said the insolvent was a non-trader and the application was made under section 8. The learned counsel pointed out the forms of affidavit required by the sections under the Act; and said that in the form of affidavit under section 9, the word "trader" was explicitly mentioned, but in the form of affiavit under section 8, the word "non-trader" was not mentioned.

His lordship was of opinion that the affidavit ought to show whether the man to be adjudicated was a trader or non-trader, and told Mr. Jehangir to renew the application after amending the affidavit.

DRAWBACKS TO AMERICAN TRADE WITH INDIA.

VIEWS OF A NATIVE FIRM.

The following letter is printed in "American Industries":—

We have personally a great liking for American goods. If you wish to push the trade of your country with India in all branches, there are two very serious drawbacks. The first is the need of a central bank in Bombay, with branches at Calcutta and Madras and the other a regular line of fast steamers running between Bombay and New York direct. The goods must arrive here in the same time as from Liverpool. If this is not found possible, then the freight charge should be less or at least on a level with those from English ports. On a comparison of freight charges we find that whatever we gain in the shape of goods of American brand is nullified by freight charges, not to speak of the delays in getting delivery. Very lately we had occasion to import samples of certain goods from New York and it took two and a half to three months in getting delivery. One is therefore too much worried at this delay and eventually prefers to have goods from England. The third drawback is that there are very few representative houses of your manufacturers in this city. The big and small firms must be hunted every week and orders taken and sent to America every week. We find from the articles published by the "Indian Textile Journal" that the trade of your country is being expanded, but we are not satisfied with it compared with the trade of the United Kingdom; what we wish is that it should increase by leaps and bounds.

We understand from the report of the director of agriculture of the Central Provinces that he has highly recommended the agricultural implements of your country. A trial of some machines was given by the director at the Government Experimental Farm, and were subsequently highly recommended for general introduction.

The trade in automobiles is likely to be increased greatly. English manufacturers are sending goods here and their agents are charging 75 to 100 per cent. profit. They generally give out to customers that English made articles are strong and durable, whereas American goods though cheap and good in workmanship, are easily worn out. Indian customers, not being professional blindly follow the agents, and thus an aversion is created in their minds. The newspapers here print articles which contain whatever is American. In the race of competition they would not like Yankees going ahead politically and socially lest you might oust the English from the field.—B. & Co, Bombay, June 30.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON WEDNESDAY, THE 23RD SEPTEMBER.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has changed irregularly and by small amounts over the whole country. The barometer is in considerable excess of normal.

Winds are very variable in direction and the force has been moderate to light.

Temperature variations are generally small. The maximum varied from 109 at Jacobabad to 81° at Belgaum and the minimum from 82° at Jacobabad to 66° at Belgaum.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is more or less cloudy in many places. Humidity changes are irregular.

Rainfall has been local and scattered, the heaviest amounts being 2·77" at Calicut, 1·60" at Cochin 1·27" at Trichinopoly and 1·23" at Bellary.

Weather continues favourable for local rain.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 24.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice B. Tyabjee.

Notice.

On and after Monday the 9th November next until further order Four Courts will sit on the original side. Applications for postponment of Suits on the prospective list should be made as early as possible.
For Judgment.

428-31—Khunderao S and L—Vasantrao Madhovrao vs Anandrao Ganpatrao and others—Little and Co and K S and L.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

732,01—Smetham B and N—Haji Khanoo Moosa vs Tulakchand Hakamchand—Crawford B and Co—Part heard.

Commercial Cause.

10-33—Bicknell M and K—Rustomjee Shapurjee Mistry vs Maneckjee Sorabjee Patel—Mulla and M.

Long Causes.

490-01—Wadia and G—Heerjee Bhojrajee vs Rowjee Raghoonath and others—Mantri B and N.

329,03—Thakordas and Co—Ahamedbhoy Hubibhoy vs Rahimtoola Somjee and others—Wadia and G.

138,02—Manockchal J and H—Mooljl Jetha vs N C Macleod and others—Thakordas and Co.

293-02—Payne and Co—The Badiehi Auline and Soda Federich vs Tejpal Gudu and others—Dikshit and D—For postponment.

505,03—Hiralal and D—Sitaram Sawlia vs The Hindustan S and W Co Ld—Dikshit and D.

455,02—Payne and Co—Monanlal Kershan vs Gangaram Ramjee and others—Hiralal D.

671,01—Raghawaya and B—Hari Ualabh Lalchand and another vs Jamnadas Narandas and others—Edgelow G and W.

379,03—Edgelow G and W—Soonamal Gangaram and others vs Ruttonjee Sorabjee Talati and another—Bhaishanker K and G.

68,01—Bicknell M and M—Shivratan Pragdas and another vs Sadacoova, widow and another.

76,01—Bicknell M and M—Shivratan Pragdas and another vs Sadacoova widow.

333,02—Payne and Co—Shivshanker Gopaljee and others vs Jehangir Maneckjee Contractor—Postonjee K and K

431,02—Tyabjee D and Co—Hajee Noor Mahomed Hajee Audoola vs Pragjee Luxmidas and others—Edgelow G and W.

483,02—Mansukhlal J and H—The Hon Mr Goculdas Kahandas Parekh vs The Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada and others—Edgelow G and W.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.

To speak to the minutes of order.

39-03—Nanu and H—Osman Hassan vs Vali Mahomed Hassam and another—Crawford B and Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Commercial Course.

614,02—Bicknell M and M—Paul Beier and another vs Chotalal Javerdas—K D Shroff—Part heard.

Long Causes.

254,02—K D Shroff—Hurgowan Ramjee and another vs Bhutt Vallabram Hateshwar and other—Bhaishanker K and G and Little and Co—Part heard.

447,03—Tyabji D and Co—Valjee Morarjee and another vs Kessowjee Devajee and another—Madhavjee V.

117,02—Khanderao S and L—Dayakorbai widow vs Parvati

91,03—Crawford B and Co—Mathuradas Heerjee vs Jairam Heerjee and others—Kanga and P.—Part heard.

bai widow and others—Mithbhoy H & M Part heard.

670,01—Smetham B and N—Dewraj Tokersey and others vs Mugniram Dhunjee and others—Payne and Co—Part heard.

Testamentery Suit.

9,02—Smetham B and N—J F Fernandes and others vs B F Nunes—K B Mehta—Part heard.

Long Causes.

213,00—Madhavjee V—Jethmal Tillockchand vs Nathoo Ganpat and others—Maganlal J and Raghavjee J.

743,01—Mulla and M—Kanu Abdul Kadur and another vs Kulsumbee—Tyabjee D and Co.

101,02—In person—Rama Govind Bhatkar vs Purshotam Babojee Nazaria—in person

21,01—Mansukhlal D and J—The Goodeadas S & W Co vs Narrondas Canjee—S B and Noble

For Discriminating Smokers.

STATE EXPRESS

CIGARETTES

Absolutely Unique in Quality.

Hand-made from selected parcels of the finest Virginia Tobaccos. To the cultured and discriminating smoker, there are no other Cigarettes that will give such keen satisfaction and enjoyment.

No. 555. Ordinary Size. Price: 1R. 8As. per tin of 50.
No. 999. Ordinary Size. Extra Quality, Gold Tipped.
Astoria. Billiard Room Size.

Packed in Patent Vacuum Tins of 50 Cigarettes.

SOLD BY ALL GOOD CLASS TOBACCONISTS AND STORES.

Agents in Bombay:
Army & Navy Co-operative Society.
Dinshaw, Merwan & Co.
D. Merwan & Co.
D. Macropolo & Co.

Manufacturers, ARDATH TOBACCO COMPANY, London, Eng.

LIPTONS
TEAS

ARE THE BEST. ARE THE CHEAPEST.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED

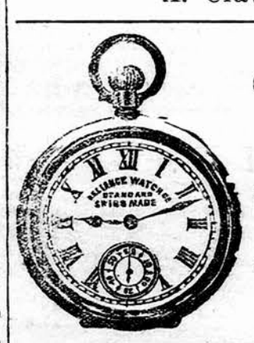
by dealers who for the sake of extra profit offer other brands instead of Liptons.

INSIST ON HAVING

LIPTONS TEAS

obtainable from all dealers, and Wholesale and Retail from

D. C. OOMRIGAR, Abdul Rahman Street,
AND
D. H. HEERAJEE & SONS,
A. Crawford Market, BOMBAY.



RELIANCE WATCH CO.

(Under the immediate Patronage of the Government, the Post Office, &c.,

THE MOST POPULAR WATCHES IN INDIA.

From Rs. 10 to Rs. 2,500.
All Watches Guaranteed 3 to 6 Years.
Novelties of all Descriptions, Muff Chains in Silver and Gold, Bracelets, Rings, etc.

AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

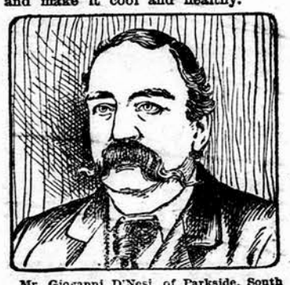
Illustrated Catalogue Free on Application.
Repairs of all descriptions done at the shortest Notice by experienced European Experts.

CHRONOMETERS, A SPECIALITY.

BOMBAY—3-4, Hornby Row. CALCUTTA—14, Radha Bazar.

Cools the Blood

Hot weather takes the life out of everybody. You become languid, debilitated, nervous, depressed. You lose your appetite and you have indigestion. Your blood becomes impure, your head aches, your nerves are weak, and you are tired all the time. You want something to purify your blood and make it cool and healthy.



Mr. Giovanni D'Nesi, of Parkside, South Australia, tells you how this may be done. He sends his photograph also.

"In this warm and debilitating climate I believe nearly every one needs a good tonic. For a number of years I have relied on Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I can strongly testify to its curative power in cooling the blood in hot weather and in toning up the whole system. It is a wonderful medicine."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

There are many imitation "Sarsaparillas." Be sure you get Ayer's.

Ayer's Pills are Liver Pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, nausea, and all liver troubles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Wholesale Agents:—KEMP & Co., Ltd.
BOMBAY.

REGULARLY at BEDTIME USE

CALVERT'S
20 per cent
CARBOLIC SOAP

to prevent Mosquito bites. It is an excellent antiseptic soap, refreshing and beneficial to the skin, and a useful remedy for insect bites, itch, and other skin irritation.

Each tablet in metal box.

CALVERT'S
15% CARBOLIC POWDER

offers a safe and simple precaution against the spread of infection and disease.

Cheap to use, as it is so strong.

¼ lb., 1 lb. and 2 lb. tins.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, ENGLAND.

BIG

TRADE MARK

CURES
MEN & WOMEN

BIG G is a non-poisonous remedy for any unnatural discharge and inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Painless. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS.

Circular mailed on request.

MANUFACTURED BY
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. since 1829. SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

Over 60 Years' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.
"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—Medical Review.
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—Sir R. Martin.
The Late Lord Clyde said:—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"It cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—Earl of Aldborough.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

N.B. Indispensable to Residents Abroad.

A Celebrated Physician says:—"I always prescribed it with almost universal success in those complaints which are engendered in Tropical Climates, and no one should be without it."

WILKINSON'S (Established since 1829.)
HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THE SARSAPARILLA
VERY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES pronounce it THE BEST.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

Be sure you get N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus WILKINSON'S

Thomas Wilkinson are upon every GENUINE bottle.

To avoid impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)

Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS, & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

BISHOP'S MAGNESIA

BISHOP'S MAGNESIA

is a delightful health-giving preparation. It is compounded from the Pure Fruit Juices of

LEMONS AND GRAPES.

No other preparation is so beneficial.

It is an invaluable Family Medicine, cleansing the skin, and removing all impurities from the blood. It is wonderfully

REFRESHING and INVIGORATING.

FACSIMILE OF BISHOP'S BOTTLE.

See that you really get BISHOP'S.

THE WEST END ATCH COMPANY.

For some months past, we have successfully offered our cheap watches in this space. We now draw your attention to a better class of watch, which besides keeping more accurate time, will last longer than our lower grades and will prove to be the cheapest and most satisfactory in the end.

THE MODERN. Guaranteed for 2 years. Made in 3 size

In Open face cases			
Nickel Silver case	20" guard's size	...	Rs. 22-0
" " "	18" medium size	...	" 20-0
	16" small size	...	" 23-0
Sterling Silver case	18" medium size	...	" 30-0
" " "	16" small size	...	" 30-0

THE CAMPAIGN. Guaranteed for 3 years. Medium and small size

In Nickel Silver Case		In Sterling Silver Case	
Open face ...	Rs. 22-8 each	Open face ...	Rs. 34 each
Hunting ...	" 25-0 "	Hunting ...	" 38 "
Half-hunting...	" 28-0 "	Half-hunting...	" 42 "

In black oxydised steel case, Open-face Rs. 25

THE CHAMPION. Guaranteed for 6 years. Medium size.

In Open Face	Nickel Silver Case ...	Rs. 30
" "	Sterling Silver Case ...	" 45

THE IMPERIAL. Guaranteed for 6 years. Thin shape, small size.

Open Face	Nickel Silver Case	Rs. 32
"	Sterling " "	" 50
Hunting	" " "	" 54
Half-hunting	" " "	" 57

They are substantial, though not too bulky; the cases are practically dust and damp proof, with strong front glasses.

ABOVE RATES ARE NET FOR CASH or V. P. P.

Apply for a copy of our abridged price list No. 38 giving particulars about the *free gift* of a silver pencil case to the purchaser of one West End Watch.

WEST END WATCH CO.,
BOMBAY, 11, Hornby Road,
(OPPOSITE THE G. P. O.)

Agents for LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S, LTD.

BY SPECIAL WARRANT PURVEYORS TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

CELEBRATED OILMAN'S STORES

GOLD & CO.'S

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND, WROUGHT IRON HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable Merchants

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

THE MOST CELEBRATED

AND RELIABLE HIGH CLASS

GENUINE EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

BY THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.

ARE THE BEST

EVER imported into India, as they represent all that can be put into a CIGARETTE to make it a thoroughly satisfactory and delightful smoke.

Price per 100 Rs. 4-8.

Price per 100 Rs. 4.

Guaranteed Fresh Consignments by P. and O.'s Mail.

HEAD OFFICE AND FACTORY, CAIRO (EGYPT).

BRANCHES: CALCUTTA, RANGOON, AND LONDON.

Agents: In all the Principal Cities of Europe and in the Far East.

Local Depot:—20, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BY APPOINTMENT,

TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

D. M. DUKLE & Co.,

PHOTO DEALERS.

5 Hummum Street, Fort,

BOMBAY.

THE PREMIER JEWELLERS OF WESTERN INDIA FOR SUPERLATIVE QUALITY AND INTRINSIC VALUE.

EVERY WATCH ADJUSTED TIMED AND WARRANTED.

EVERY WATCH ADJUSTED TIMED AND WARRANTED.

EVERY WATCH ADJUSTED TIMED AND WARRANTED.

EVERY WATCH ADJUSTED TIMED AND WAARRNTED.

EVERY WATCH ADJUSTED TIMED AND WARRANTED.

EVERY WATCH ADJUSTED TIMED AND WARRANTED.

STERLING SILVER Rs. 20. NICKEL OR GILT Rs. 12.

THE "DOUBLE CRYSTAL" WATCH.

This watch as the name implies has not only a glass in front, but an extra strong crystal Glass covering the movement, this secures compactability and at same time makes action of the watch visible, enabling you to ascertain at a glance whether it is performing correctly without the inconvenience of opening back when dust and damp with their attendant evils are invariably introduced. This unique departure is, therefore, an assistan t the accurate time-keeping and durability of the watch.

Strong keyless LEVER movement nicely finished and jewelled. Compensation Balance in dust and damp proof fitting cases.

SILVER Rs. 20
NICKEL Rs. 12
COMPLETE IN CASE
WIT S ARE GLASS
AND MAIN SPRING

FROM Rs. 40.

LADIES' STANDARD WATCHES.

Sterling Silver Crystal face, Rs.		40
"	" Full Hunter "	45
"	" Half " "	50
18ct. Gold Crystal	... "	160
"	" Full Hunter... "	185
"	" Half " ... "	190

☞ LADIES' STANDARD WATCHES GOLD AND SILVER.

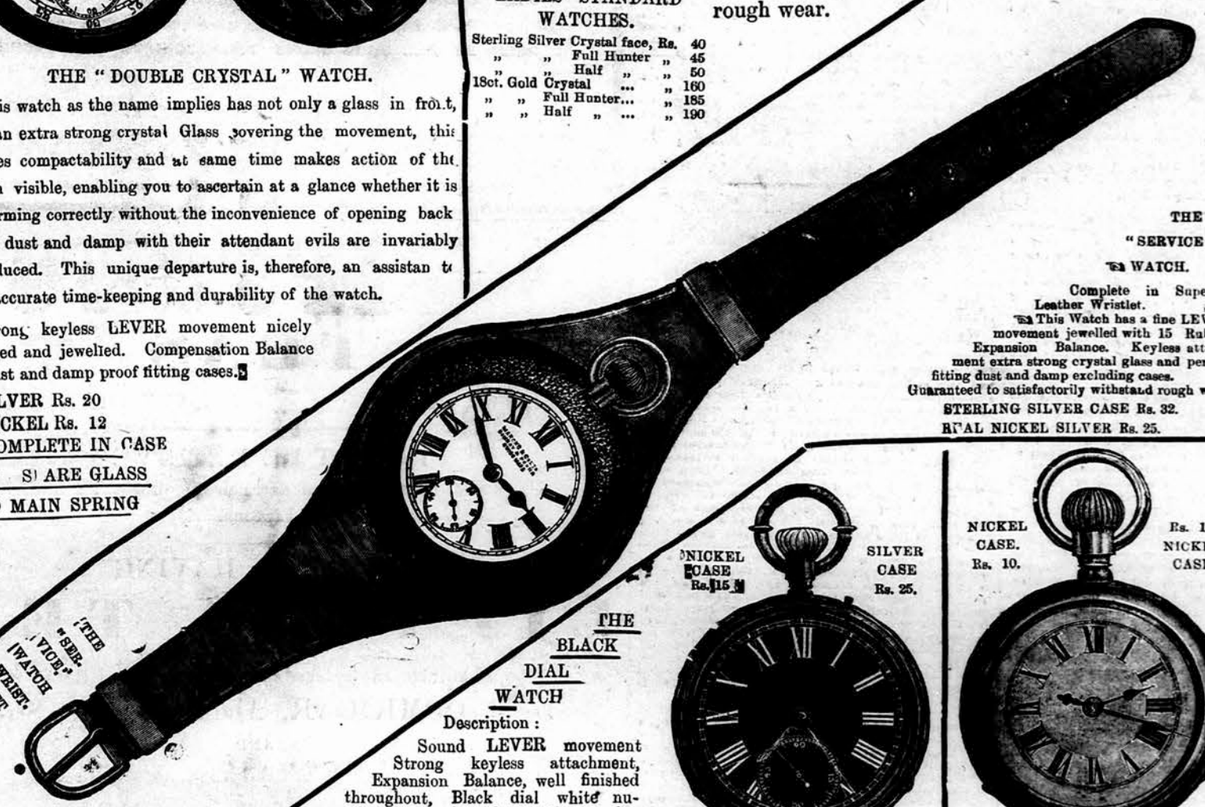
Crystal Face, Demi-Hunting and Full Hunting Cases.

Extra Strong Lever movement, compensation Balance, Brequet hair spring, made throughout on the most approved principles and particularly recommended for reliable time keeping and rough wear.

THE 'SERVICE' WRISTLET

Silver Rs. 32

Nickel Rs. 25



THE "SERVICE" WATCH.

Complete in Superior Leather Wristlet.

☞ This Watch has a fine LEVER movement jewelled with 15 Rubies. Expansion Balance. Keyless attachment extra strong crystal glass and perfect fitting dust and damp excluding cases. Guaranteed to satisfactorily withstand rough wear.

STERLING SILVER CASE Rs. 32.

REAL NICKEL SILVER Rs. 25.

"THE "SERVICE" WATCH WRISTLET.

THE BLACK DIAL WATCH

Description:

Sound LEVER movement Strong keyless attachment, Expansion Balance, well finished throughout, Black dial white numerals which enables those with defective sight to distinguish the time, particularly suited also for night wear. Nicely finished in perfect fitting dust and damp excluding cases.

The value of these productions is unapproached throughout India, this fact is too obvious to need emphasis.

Silver, Rs. 32
Nickel, Rs. 25

NICKEL CASE Rs. 15

SILVER CASE Rs. 25.

Adjusted, timed and warranted for two years.

PARTICULARLY ADAPTED TO THOSE WITH DEFECTIVE SIGHT.

NICKEL CASE. Rs. 10.

Rs. 10. NICKEL CASE.

TINTED DIAL WATCHES.

Sound ¾ plate horizontal movement, carefully adjusted, Strong keyless attachment, tinted dial, dust and damp proof fitting cases. Exceptional value Rs.10 only.

WE INVITE INSPECTION AND PRICE COMPARISON.

WE INVITE INSPECTION AND PRICE COMPARISON.

WE INVITE INSPECTION AND PRICE COMPARISON.

WE INVITE INSPECTION AND PRICE COMPARISON.

WE INVITE INSPECTION AND PRICE COMPARISON.

MARCKS & CO., LD., PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS & DIRECT IMPORTERS. BOMBAY & POONA.

CAMERAS FOR PLATES OR FILMS.

The "ENSIGN" Cameras.

Take Daylight Loading Roll Films or Glass Plates. Size of Picture, 4¼×3¼.

Prices .. £3 12s. 6d. to £11 11s. 0d.

The "SANDERSON" Cameras.

Combined Hand and Stand Camera. Perfect for every class of work.

Regular Model	Prices from	£6 17 6
Tourist Model	,,	£8 10 0
De Luxe Model	,,	£10 10 0
Roll Film Model	,,	£6 17 6

The "ENSIGN."

Of all Photo Dealers or full particulars on application to

GEO. HOUGHTON & SON, 88 & 89, High Holborn, London, W.C.

THE EMPIRE ENGINEERING CO., LD.,

CAWNPORE.

CONTRACTORS FOR THE SUPPLY & ERECTION OF MACHINERY, BUILDINGS AND PLANT.

AGENTS FOR Beck & Co.'s Imperial Positive Water Meter

Illustrated Catalogue and Particulars sent on Application.

Agents for the best **English and American Firms** for **Machinery and Stores**.

Oil Engines, W. I. Pipes and Fittings, Steam Fittings, Packing, Belting Coal, Oil and other Stores supplied from Stock.

SECOND-HAND BOILERS, ENGINES, PUMPS, &c.

BRASS and IRON CASTINGS PROMPTLY supplied.

AGENTS FOR ARBUTHNOT & Co.'s PORTLAND CEMENT.

Conservancy Carts and Sanitary Appliances always in Stock.

SOLE MAKERS OF

BAILEY'S PATENT LATRINES.

CYCLES BUILT AND REPAIRED.

Wood and Wood-work promptly supplied from our own **Saw Mills.**

MACHINERY INSPECTED AND REPORTED ON BY QUALIFIED ENGINEERS.

Managing Agents—

GAVIN JONES & SON.

PEARS

Soapmakers

By Royal Warrants

TO THEIR MAJESTIES

The KING and QUEEN

RIGAUD'S WHITE VIOLET EXTRACT

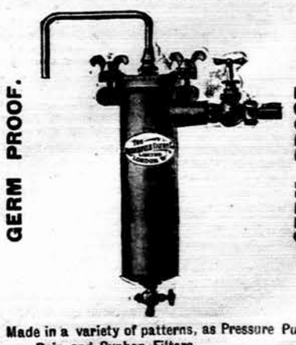
This delicate perfume is persistent as an EXTRACT for the Handkerchief. The Soap and Toilet Powder are adopted by refined society.

RIGAUD et Cie PERFUMERS PARIS

Each bottle is equivalent to the perfume of 10,000 WHITE VIOLETS

Water is rendered ABSOLUTELY FREE from DISEASE GERMS by using the CELEBRATED

BERKEFELD FILTER. (PATENT)



GERM PROOF. GERM PROOF.

Made in a variety of patterns, as Pressure Pump, Drip and Syphon Filters.

For Domestic, Travelling & Industrial purposes, etc.

No House, Hotel, Restaurant, Club, Factory, Brewery, or Mineral Water Works should be without a

BERKEFELD FILTER.

Horlick's Malted Milk

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS IN ALL CLIMATES.

STRONGLY APPROVED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION IN INDIA, CEYLON, AND THE EAST.

MINERAL WATERS.

TRADE REQUISITES.

LARGE STOCK of Codd's patent glass ball Bottles, Soluble Fruit Essences, Oils and Colourings from well known English manufacturers. Sulphuric Acid and other acids.

REFINED

SACCHARIN

and every article connected with Aerated water factory; also machinery with their parts can be had at moderate price from

GURRIMBHOY JALLALBHOY & Co.

General Merchants and Commission Agents

No. 104, Bhoosari Moholla, BOMBAY.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Offices at 121, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, and printed at the Steam Press and Jobbing Office, Artesian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & CO; 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co.; 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.: 33, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.—Paris Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.